

**Memorandum**

**To:** City Commissioners

**Via:** Dan Hudson, City Manager  
Paul Nicoletti, City Attorney  
Kevin Freeman, City Development Director

**From:** Terry O'Neil, Planning Consultant

**Date:** March 4, 2008

**RE:** Proposed Amendments to the City's Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code  
pertaining to environmental protection standards

Please provide any comments or questions you may have regarding the attached draft agenda item, ordinance, etc. The same package of material is being provided to members of the development community through direct contact and posting on the City's web site. The matter is expected to be scheduled on the Commission's regular agenda within the next 30 days.

Thank you,

Terry O'Neil  
486.2190  
twoneil@aol.com

Agenda Item Request  
Stuart City Commission

**DRAFT**

**Meeting date:** Not yet scheduled

**Prepared by:** T. O'Neil

**Title of item:** (1) Proposed amendments to the City's Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code (LDC) pertaining to environmental protection standards and (2) Resolution Number 22-08 declaring said amendments to be "Zoning in Progress" pursuant to Sec. 1.02.04 of the City's LDC.

**Background:**

With an eye toward adopting more stringent standards and limiting off-site wetland and upland mitigation activities to within the City limits, the City Commission has called for a reassessment of existing environmental policies contained in the City's Comprehensive Plan and LDC. The attached draft ordinance depicts new and ~~deleted~~ language, as well as an explanation for each change. The City's environmental consulting firm, Miller Legg, has reviewed the proposed edits and finds that the draft language produces the intended results, is generally equivalent to other jurisdictions and does not conflict with regional, state or federal regulatory requirements. If the Commission wishes to give force to the proposed changes during their consideration, a zoning in progress resolution accompanies this agenda item. Finally, in tandem with this exercise, new language is also being proposed which makes the City more competitive should it again seek to purchase environmentally sensitive land through the Department of Community Affairs' Florida Communities Trust (FCT) grant program. (Note: Significant portions of the City's Haney Creek and Poppelton Creek Preserve Projects were purchased under this program).

**Attached documents:**

- Draft ordinance amending the "Conservation Element" of the City's Comprehensive Plan and Chapter 5 "Resource Protection Standards" and Chapter 10 "Hardship Relief" of the City's LDC.
- Review comments from Miller Legg
- Resolution Number 22-08 declaring zoning in progress
- Proposed "FCT-based" Comprehensive Plan Amendments

**Recommended actions:** (1) Discussion of proposed ordinance and FCT-based Comprehensive Plan amendments, (2) authorization to schedule the proposed ordinance and FCT-based Comprehensive Plan amendments before the Local Planning Agency and (3) consideration of Zoning in Progress Resolution Number 22-08.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Kevin Freeman, City Development Director

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Paul Nicoletti, City Attorney

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Dan Hudson, City Manager

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Return to:

City Attorney's Office  
City of Stuart  
121 SW Flagler Street  
Stuart, FL 34994

DRAFT

BEFORE THE CITY COMMISSION  
CITY OF STUART, FLORIDA

ORDINANCE NUMBER \_\_\_\_\_

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF STUART, FLORIDA AMENDING THE "CONSERVATION" ELEMENT OF THE CITY'S COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND CHAPTER 5 "RESOURCE PROTECTION STANDARDS" AND CHAPTER 10 "HARDSHIP RELIEF" OF THE CITY'S LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE, STRENGTHENING LANGUAGE REGARDING THE REMOVAL OF EXOTIC VEGETATIVE SPECIES; PROVIDING THAT THE CITY MAY REQUIRE MITIGATION ACTIVITIES IN ADDITION TO THOSE REQUIRED BY REGIONAL, STATE OR FEDERAL AGENCIES; PROVIDING THAT THE CITY MAY DESIGNATE ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE LANDS AND WETLANDS; ADDING CONSERVATION EASEMENTS AS A PREFERRED MECHANISM FOR PROTECTING ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE LANDS; DELETING PROVISIONS WHICH ALLOW FOR THE ON-SITE TRANSFER OF DENSITY AND RESIDENTIAL INTENSITY FROM ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE LANDS; DELETING LANGUAGE THAT ALLOWS FOR ADDITIONAL UPLAND PRESERVE AREA BEYOND THE CITY'S REQUIREMENTS TO BE USED FOR MITIGATION CREDITS; PROVIDING THAT WETLANDS AND WETLAND BUFFERS SHALL NOT BE COUNTED TOWARD OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS; STRENGTHENING WETLAND BUFFER STANDARDS; LIMITING ENVIRONMENTAL MITIGATION ACTIVITIES TO WITHIN THE CITY LIMITS; FURTHER LIMITING THE CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH WETLANDS MAY BE IMPACTED; PROVIDING FOR "GREENWAY" STANDARDS FOR PARCELS OF 5 OR MORE ACRES IN SIZE; LIMITING THE OPTION OF OFF-SITE RELOCATION OF NATIVE VEGETATION PRESERVES TO SITES OF 5 ACRES OR LESS; REVISING PROVISIONS WHICH ALLOW FOR CASH PAYMENTS INTO THE CITY'S ENVIRONMENTAL TRUST FUND IN LIEU OF PROVIDING NATIVE VEGETATION PRESERVES; REPEALING ALL ORDINANCES IN CONFLICT HERewith; PROVIDING A SEVERABILITY CLAUSE; PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE; PROVIDING FOR ACCEPTANCE BY THE APPLICANT; AND PROVIDING FOR DIRECTIONS TO THE CITY CLERK.

\* \* \* \* \*

**WHEREAS**, the Stuart City Commission desires to amend the "Conservation" Element of the City's Comprehensive Plan and Chapter 5 "Resource Protection Standards" and Chapter 10 "Hardship Relief" of the City's Land Development Code in order to strengthening its environmental protection standards and limit off-site wetland and upland mitigation activities to within the City limits and;

**WHEREAS**, the Stuart City Commission ordains that such changes are necessary to conserve, protect and effectively manage the natural resources of the City of Stuart to ensure the highest environmental quality possible.

**WHEREAS**, the City Commission has held properly noticed public hearings at regularly scheduled City Commission meetings to consider the proposed amendments to the City's Comprehensive Plan and land Development Code;

**NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF STUART, FLORIDA THAT:**

SECTION 1: The foregoing recitals are true and adopted as findings of fact and conclusions of law.

**SECTION 2:** The "Conservation" Element of the City's Comprehensive Plan and Chapter 5 "Resource Protection Standards" and Chapter 10 "Hardship Relief" of the City's Land Development Code are hereby amended in accordance with Exhibits A and B attached.

**SECTION 3:** All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance or any part thereof are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

**SECTION 3:** If any provision of this ordinance or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this ordinance are declared severable.

**SECTION 4:** This ordinance shall become effective upon second reading.

**SECTION 5:** Upon complete execution of this Ordinance, the City Clerk is directed to record a Certified Copy of the same in the Public Records of Martin County, Florida.

PASSED on first reading the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2008.

Commissioner \_\_\_\_\_ offered the foregoing ordinance and moved its adoption. The motion was seconded by Commissioner \_\_\_\_\_ and upon being put to a roll call vote, the vote was as follows:

JEFFREY KRAUSKOPF, MAYOR  
MIKE MORTELL, VICE MAYOR  
JAMES CHRISTIE, COMMISSIONER  
MARY HUTCHINSON, COMMISSIONER  
CAROL WAXLER, COMMISSIONER

YES	NO	ABSENT

ADOPTED on second and final reading this \_\_\_\_\_ DAY of \_\_\_\_\_, 2008.

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
CHERYL WHITE  
CITY CLERK

\_\_\_\_\_  
JEFFREY KRAUSKOPF  
MAYOR

APPROVED AS TO FORM  
AND CORRECTNESS:

\_\_\_\_\_  
PAUL J. NICOLETTI  
CITY ATTORNEY

**"EXHIBIT A"**  
**AMENDMENTS TO THE "CONSERVATION" ELEMENT**  
**OF THE CITY OF STUART COMPREHENSIVE PLAN**

**DRAFT**

**GOAL STATEMENT A**

Conserve, protect and effectively manage the natural resources of the City of Stuart to ensure the highest environmental quality possible.

**Objective A1. Surface water quality.**

The City shall protect the quality of all surface waters within the City Limits and the City's watershed basins, especially the St. Lucie Estuary.

To meet this objective, the City will adopt land development regulations, specific performance standards for regulating land use, public access, marina siting and activities, shoreline alteration and seawalls, dredging and filling activity, and provide treatment of storm water runoff and mangrove protection. The City shall have completed a drainage master plan which will address point and non-point sources of storm water pollution. The City will participate with other agencies having resource management plans upon adoption of this plan, and throughout the planning time frame.

The following policies support this objective:

*Policy A1.1.* The City shall ensure effective enforcement and monitoring of storm water ordinances.

*Policy A1.2.* The City shall arrange for the removal or retrofitting of existing storm water outfalls to the St. Lucie Estuary and its tributaries during redevelopment activities, where appropriate and consistent with State, Federal, and regional rules and guidelines.

*Policy A1.3.* The City shall coordinate with appropriate agencies that are implementing the Indian River Lagoon Aquatic Preserve Protection Plan, the Hutchinson Island Resource Management Plan, the North Fork of the St. Lucie River Aquatic Preserve Protection Plan, the Surface Water Improvement River Management Plan (SWIM) for the Indian River Lagoon, and other such resource management plans and programs as require the involvement of the City.

*Policy A1.4.* The City shall solicit the South Florida Water Management District (SFWMD) and the Army Corps of Engineers to exercise more careful control of the locks and canals by doing the following:

1. Set performance standards for amounts of water and silt which can be released from the locks and canal control structures.
2. Prior to opening of locks, drain them with surface water and clean debris collection from the locks.
3. Support the development of a "downtown" regional attenuation facility within the CRA.
4. Encourage the implementation of the Indian River Lagoon Restoration Plan and early implementation of water preserve areas and storm water treatment areas.

*Policy A1.5.* Because the City of Stuart is located at the convergence point of two rivers, the City shall monitor SWIM and other related water quality improvement programs initiated by SFWMD.

*Policy A1.6.* Specific SFWMD programs shall be identified for Stuart and should be fully implemented.

*Policy A1.7.* The City shall analyze and evaluate the City's maintenance program to clean Stuart's rivers, creeks, and other water bodies.

*Policy A1.8.* The City shall coordinate with SFWMD and other agencies to initiate and complete programs to clean-up water bodies in Stuart and explore measures to address/reduce non-point source pollution (i.e., baffle boxes, weir systems).

*Policy A1.9.* The City shall coordinate with governmental bodies to analyze and maintain programs that affect Stuart's rivers, creeks, etc.

*Policy A1.10.* The City shall implement the Watershed Protection Program which includes capital improvements and regulatory mechanisms to protect and improve the environmental features of watershed basins which include any portion of the City limits. These watershed basins are delineated on the City Watersheds Map and include:

- Anchorage Basin.
- Coral Gardens Basin.
- Crescent Basin.
- Crooked Creek Basin.
- Downtown Basin.
- East Airport Basin.
- Fork Road Basin.
- Frazier Creek Basin.
- Haney Creek Basin.
- Hildabrad Basin.
- Krueger Creek.
- Landfill Basin.
- North Airport Basin.
- North Point CRA Basin.
- Poppleton Creek Basin.
- Rio Basin.
- South Fork Basin.
- Warner Creek Basin.
- Willoughby Basin.
- Woods Point Basin.

*Policy A1.11.* The City shall establish a comprehensive program to eradicate invasive exotic trees and vegetation.

*Policy A1.12.* The City shall encourage participation and representation from City residents for the St. Lucie River Initiative and other State/local initiatives.

*Policy A1.13.* The City shall identify and map any areas identified by City staff as having a significant incidence of failed or failing septic system by 2005 and determine potential areas and costs for sewer system expansion. (Ord. No. 1893-02, § 1, 1-27-2003)

**Objective A2. Groundwater quality and quantity.**

The quality and quantity of the City of Stuart's groundwater shall not be degraded. Storm water management requirements and a well field protection ordinance shall be enforced. Additional well protection mechanisms, such as water withdrawal schedules and conservation measures, shall be implemented as part of a total groundwater protection program by 1998.

The following policies support this objective:

*Policy A2.1.* The City shall, in cooperation with the Department of Environmental Protection, the South Florida Water Management District, and the U.S Geological Survey, continue to monitor groundwater quality and quantity.

*Policy A2.2.* Present and future potable water well field locations shall be identified and protected to assure that water resources are not negatively impacted by development, excessive drawdown or saltwater intrusion through development, and implementation of a well field protection program. This program will contain at a minimum, a well field protection ordinance and water withdrawal schedules that preserve the quality and quantity of groundwater resources.

*Policy A2.3.* Existing and future potable water wells and well fields shall be protected from contamination by EPA/DEP regulated materials (i.e., hazardous and toxic materials). Protection shall consist of a program, including an ordinance, which establishes requirements for the use, handling, storage, production, and disposal of hazardous and toxic materials. Well field protection programs, including appropriate ordinances, shall be developed and implemented which address, as a minimum, prohibitions, structural containment safeguards, monitoring emergency reporting and clean up, personnel training, inventory, and financial responsibility.

*Policy A2.4.* The City shall promote land and water management techniques in conjunction with energy conservation measures which will protect water quality, enhance water supplies and minimize potable water demands through the following:

1. Encourage use of drought-tolerant, native vegetation in landscaping by providing an approved list to homeowners and developers seeking building permits.
2. Participate in water conservation programs of the South Florida Water Management District and enforce mandated no-watering policies within the City.

~~3. Encourage Require the removal of exotic and invasive vegetation upon development or redevelopment.~~

***Explanation:***

***Change intended to strengthen this policy and provide for consistency with provisions elsewhere in this element that state, "Upon development of the site, the developer shall be required to remove exotic vegetation and replace with native vegetation suitable to the soil condition."***

4. The land development regulations shall enforce State law requiring low volume plumbing fixtures for new construction.
5. Develop a potable water leak detection and maintenance program.
6. Installation of weirs in drainage ditches to increase groundwater table elevations to the extent feasible considering flood protection and septic tank drain field performance requirements.

*Policy A2.5.* No activity shall be permitted which would adversely affect the quantity or quality of recharge entering the City's aquifers or within the City's watershed basins. Consistent with the intent of this policy:

1. Post-development runoff volumes shall not exceed pre-development runoff volumes for a storm event of three-day duration and 25-year return frequency for parcels greater than one acre. The same criteria shall apply for a storm event of three-day duration and ten-year return frequency for parcels less than one acre.
2. To the maximum extent consistent with the requirements of flood control, storm water management systems shall be designed to maximize retention capability.

3. Storm water management systems shall be designed to maximize the quality of water being recharged as well as that being discharged off-site.
4. Wherever suitable soils exist, encourage percolation of storm water into the groundwater table through dry retention areas, pervious pavement, and other such methods supported by sound engineering practices.
5. Require new development to address off-site watershed issues related to greenways protection, wetlands, and water quality impacts due to on-site storm water management designs.

**Objective A3. Water conservation.**

Conserve potable and non-potable water resources towards the goal of maintaining average daily per capita consumption of potable water at 110 GPD through limitations on or use of potable water for non-potable needs and reducing the leakage rate of the potable water system to 15 percent.

The following policies support this objective:

*Policy A3.1.* Water conservation programs shall be developed and implemented. These programs shall include, as a minimum, the following components:

1. The lowest acceptable water quality appropriate for the application quality shall be used to meet non-potable water demands.
2. Treated wastewater effluent shall be used for irrigation purposes wherever economically feasible.
3. Use of water-saving devices, irrigation systems, and plumbing fixtures, such as toilet tank dams, adjustable shower heads and drip irrigation, shall be required for all new construction. Retrofitting of existing systems shall be encouraged.
4. A leak detection and maintenance program for the City water system shall be developed and implemented.

*Policy A3.2.* During drought emergencies, implementation of South Florida Water Management District water shortage plans shall be enforced.

*Policy A3.3.* The City shall cooperate with the South Florida Water Management District to conduct water conservation programs.

**Objective A4. Floodplain protection.**

The City shall protect the natural functions of the 100-year floodplain.

The following policies support this objective:

*Policy A4.1.* The City has adopted and will continue to implement a mangrove protection ordinance.

*Policy A4.2.* New development shall preserve a buffer zone of 25 feet from the mean high water line of native vegetation which falls within the existing 25-foot setback area along waterways. This may be reduced to ten feet in the CRA to promote infill, redevelopment, and reduce blight.

*Policy A4.3.* The City shall assure that all development within the delineated 100-year flood zone abides by Federal flood hazard insurance regulations which limit the type and magnitude of alterations to the natural system that can be made.

*Policy A4.4.* The City shall promote programs to minimize flood insurance costs where feasible to its residents.



**Objective A5. Natural systems.**

Preserve and protect the functions and values of natural areas of vital concern to the environment of the City. Natural areas of vital concern to the City include the St. Lucie estuary, wetlands, coastal wetlands and shorelines, living marine resources (sea grass beds, fisheries, and mangroves), native upland vegetative communities, and wildlife habitats, especially endangered species habitat.

The following policies support this objective:

**Policy A5.1.** Environmentally sensitive lands are those land areas that warrant the greatest degree of protection from development impacts. Environmentally sensitive lands are designated to be viable and functioning wetlands as determined by the SFWMD, Army Corps of Engineers or the City of Stuart and native vegetative communities that provide wildlife habitat necessary for the survival of listed species as determined by the FGFWFC, Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWCC).

**Explanation:**

***Allows the City to designate wetlands independently of the SFWMD.***

***Agency name has changed.***

**Policy A5.2.** Protection and management of wetland and deepwater habitats shall be in a manner consistent with implementation of the Treasure Coast Regional Comprehensive Policy Plan, the North Fork of the St. Lucie River and Indian River Lagoon Aquatic Preserve Management Plans, the St. Lucie Estuary Management Plan (SLEMP), and any other appropriate resource management plan that applies to resources within the City limits.

**Policy A5.3.** For natural areas that are proposed to be retained on site, all nuisance and invasive exotic vegetation (e.g., Brazilian pepper, Australian pine, and melaleuca) shall be removed where feasible and appropriate and replaced with native plant species adapted to existing soil and climatic conditions. Removal shall be in such a manner that avoids seed dispersal by any such species. Planting of pest exotic vegetation shall be prohibited. On privately owned lands, implementation shall occur at the time of development or redevelopment. On publicly owned lands, implementation shall occur at the time of development or as soon as possible. It should be noted that private environmental groups may voluntarily implement this work as an organizational project. In all cases, implementation shall be consistent with the overall objective of protecting the functions and values of native habitats.

**Explanation:**

***Strengthens this policy and provides for consistency with provisions elsewhere in this element that state, "Upon development of the site, the developer shall be required to remove exotic vegetation and replace with native vegetation suitable to the soil condition."***

**Policy A5.4.** The City shall compile a list of native species to be available for reference by residents and developers. This list shall be based upon native plant species guidelines commonly applied by the Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council, South Florida Water Management District, and Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.

*Policy A5.5. Wetlands shall be protected and conserved by restricting direct and indirect development impacts according to Policies A5.5, A5.6, Conservation land use designations, conservation easements, open space requirements and other goals, objectives and policies of this plan.*

***Explanation:***

***Conservation easements are a useful way of protecting wetlands and are routinely used by the City and other agencies to protect wetland and other environmentally sensitive lands.***

***A. General.***

i. It is the policy of the City to avoid or minimize damage to wetlands; to direct development to lands that are not environmentally sensitive; to encourage that activities not dependent upon a wetland location be located at upland sites; to allow wetland losses only where all practical practicable measures have been applied; to reduce those losses that are unavoidable and in the public interest; to allow for limited mitigation; to promote compact urban development and discourage urban sprawl by allowing wetland impacts in excess of minimum requirements under certain limited conditions; to encourage wetlands mitigation within the watershed containing the lost wetlands; to protect and enhance the environmental qualities of watershed basins; and to provide for the protection of wetlands under the City's land development regulations to be adopted and implemented consistent with F.S. § 163.3202.

***Explanation:***

***Edited for clarity.***

ii. All development shall, at a minimum, comply with wetland protection requirements of all Federal, State and regional agencies having regulatory authority. This plan provides supplemental conservation and protection measures for wetlands pursuant to the direction of F.S. ch. 163, pt. II [F.S. § 163.2511 et seq.], and F.A.C. ch. 9J-5. Provisions in this Plan shall neither duplicate nor conflict with other agency regulations.

***Explanation:***

***Allows the City to apply wetland protection standards in excess of or in addition to standards required by other regulatory agencies.***

iii. Land use planning and site design shall support development patterns that avoid or minimize the impact of development on wetlands.

~~iv. In order to properly identify and delineate wetlands, the City shall rely on the delineation of wetlands by the SEWMD or FDEP.~~

~~iv. In order to properly identify and delineate wetlands, the City may rely on the delineation of wetlands approved by the SFWMD, FDEP and the Army Corps of Engineers, but may require a separate delineation based on an independent environmental assessment performed by or required by the City.~~

**Explanation:**

***Change allows the City to designate wetlands in addition to those designated by the SFWMD, Army Corps and FDEP.***

v. In no instance shall these wetland policies be construed to allow development that is otherwise prohibited by the Comprehensive Plan.

**B. Land use.**

i. Existing uses in wetlands may continue, but shall not be expanded unless they are specifically allowed or exempted. Silviculture in wetlands shall be consistent with "Silviculture Best Management Practices" published by the Florida Department of Agriculture as it existed on July 1, 1998.

ii. Walking trails or elevated wooden "cat walks" designed to minimize disturbance to the wetland system shall be allowed to provide limited access for purposes of passive recreation or access to other portions of the site or adjacent waters which are otherwise inaccessible.

iii. New development shall not be allowed in wetlands, i.e., development shall occur outside of the wetland (including its upland buffer as specified in C below) except as indicated in v and vi below, or in the exceptions listed in Policy A5.6. When one or more contiguous lots or parcels of record under common ownership or control as of the date of adoption of this Comprehensive Plan are evaluated under these exceptions, the lots or parcels shall be aggregated and evaluated as a single lot or parcel.

~~iv. New development shall be clustered located on upland portions of a development site, which are not otherwise environmentally sensitive lands. Development densities/intensities may be transferred out of the wetland area on a one-for-one basis. However, the development density/intensity of the developable portion of the site shall not exceed 150 percent of the maximum density/intensity otherwise allowed for the non-environmentally sensitive portion of the site.~~

**Explanation:**

***The deleted language serves no purpose in preserving environmentally sensitive lands that are otherwise off limits to development, but rather provides for a greater intensity of development without a corresponding environmental benefit.***

***Note: Net density is computed by dividing the total number of units to be constructed by the net residential acreage of the parcel. The net residential acreage of a parcel shall be the acreage devoted to residential buildings and accessory structures less all bodies of water including wet retention areas, the dedicated public open space, all easements dedicated to a governmental body for public use, all public and private road rights-of way, and protected environmentally sensitive areas.***

v. If new development cannot be clustered outside of the wetland protection area, the uses specified under F.A.C. 40E-4.051 in effect as of July 1, 1998, are allowed, except for any new or expanded agriculture, silviculture, floriculture and horticulture.

vi. If new development cannot be clustered outside of the wetland protection area the uses specified under F.A.C. 40E-400.417--40E-400.500 in effect as of July 1, 1998, are allowed except that new or expanded silviculture operations are not allowed. Additionally, single family homes must be constructed on pilings or stemwalls to minimize the area of isolated wetlands filled for the residence and associated improvements and the dwelling unit must be connected to central water and sewer whenever available.

**C. Buffers.**

i. Upland buffers are considered an integral component of a functioning wetland and shall be afforded the same types and levels of protection as the wetland itself. Buffers shall be a minimum width of 50 feet beyond the perimeter of the wetland. Buffers shall not be developed, cleared or landscaped in any fashion that would decrease their effectiveness in supporting wetland functions. Upland buffers may not be used for wetlands destruction/mitigation credit in the City of Stuart.

ii. The City shall require that upland buffers be extended beyond 50 feet if necessary to connect isolated wetlands with other protected wetlands existing within 200 feet. Greenways will be created when possible. This policy shall apply to protected wetlands within 200 feet on adjacent parcels regardless of ownership.

~~D. **Mitigation.** The purpose of mitigation is to offset environmental impacts. Mitigation activities approved by a Federal, State or regional agency are supported by the City. However, these mitigation activities do not exempt development activities from the requirements of this plan. The issuance of a permit by any other agency, with or without mitigation, does not exempt the development from the requirements of this plan. Development in wetlands must be consistent with this plan to proceed. The City shall not require mitigation activities not required by other Federal, State or regional agencies. Upland buffers and preserve areas otherwise required by the City in a development may not also be used for wetlands destruction/mitigation credit in the City of Stuart. Additional upland preserve area beyond the City's requirements may be used for mitigation credit in the City of Stuart so long as it is within the same watershed basin.~~

***Explanation:***

***The first deleted sentence permits the City to require enhanced or different wetland mitigation standards in addition to those required by federal, state or regional agencies.***

***Second deleted sentence not needed, see amendments to Policy A5.6 C.***

**E. Implementation.**

i. The City shall maintain a generalized wetlands map as part of this Plan.

ii. The city shall maintain a generalized watershed basin map and program as part of this plan.

iii. The City shall consider designating known wetland areas as Conservation on the Future Land Use Map to further enhance their recognition and protection.

iv. If the City has any reason to believe that wetlands exist on a proposed development site, the landowner/developer shall be required to provide to the City a site map showing the formal determination of the extent of surface waters and wetlands by the SFWMD. Additionally, this map must show the delineation of the

upland buffer. If there is a reason to believe that wetland buffers may crossover from wetlands on adjacent sites or that on-site wetlands or uplands are integral to off-site watershed protection, those wetlands and associated buffers must also be evaluated. The City shall petition the SFWMD for a formal determination of proximate wetlands on adjacent sites if needed to determine what development is allowed on site.

v. Any development site plan must show:

a. A description (including maps) of all water bodies, watercourses, wetlands and associated buffers on-site and immediately adjacent to the site and within the watershed;

b. A description (including maps) of any other environmentally sensitive land on the site; and

c. A detailed plan that shows all proposed development that may directly or indirectly impact the wetlands, including any proposed disturbance of the wetland and wetland buffers as well as any other environmentally sensitive lands on the site.

vi. The City shall require a wetland special use permit for any development that proposes to impact wetlands. The permit shall be implemented in the City's land development regulations. The permit criteria shall require compliance with Conservation Element Policies A5.5 and A5.6.

vii. The developer shall ensure that site development activities do not degrade on-site or adjacent surface waters or wetlands. Wetlands shall not be used as primary sediment traps during development or for storm water retention beyond historic hydrologic regime after development. No grading, cutting or filling shall be commenced until erosion and sedimentation control devices have been installed between the disturbed area and the wetlands.

viii. The developer shall ensure that site development activities do not degrade or negatively impact the watershed basin in which the site is located.

ix. ~~Not more than 50 percent of Wetland buffer areas and wetlands themselves may be counted toward any open space requirements of this Plan. however, wetlands themselves shall not count toward open space requirements.~~

***Explanation:***

***Intended to limit the intensity of development on developable portions of the site.***

x. Wetlands and their associated buffers may be designated conservation easements unless part of a homestead.

xi. The City shall evaluate the status of wetlands in the City to determine the effectiveness of these policies at the time of each Evaluation and Appraisal Report.

xii. Upon development of a site, the developer shall be required to remove exotic vegetation and replace with native vegetation suitable to the soil conditions.

xiii. Where not precluded by existing site improvements, constructed wetlands and storm water devices shall be located in such a manner to provide additional buffering for existing wetlands or to create and enhance interconnections between wetlands and natural areas.

*Policy A5.6. Exceptions to Policy A5.5 above:*

A. Isolated wetlands:

- i. Development may incorporate isolated wetlands into storm water management systems, provided that the storm water runoff is treated prior to entering any wetland system, so that the wetland is used for nutrient and volume attenuation. The City shall encourage designs which maintain the existing natural wetlands community, except where permitting agencies agree that the imposition of conditions which favor a different plant community is more desirable for the purpose of providing habitat, improving water quality or enhancing other wetland values.
- ii. The City shall request that the SFWMD, FGFWFC or a professional biologist to comment and render an opinion as to whether the wetland has significant wildlife values based on the following factors:
  - a. The extent to which the isolated wetland acts in concert with the broader regional landscape to provide both food web support and habitat for wildlife;
  - b. The potential cumulative impacts to isolated wetland wildlife functions at a regional level;
  - c. Individual wetland features that are important to wildlife;
  - d. Whether the isolated wetland is used by endangered or threatened species or species of special concern; and
  - e. The degree to which adjacent existing or planned development will affect the use of the wetland by wildlife; and
  - f. The extent to which the wetland presents unique hydrology and vegetation compared to other isolated wetlands within the City.

If the biological evaluation indicates that the isolated wetland has significant and sustainable wildlife values, or unique hydrology and/or vegetation, the wetland shall be afforded the same level of protection as all other wetlands. However, if the report indicates no significant and sustainable values, then the underlying land use category may be applied. This does not preclude the application of any regulatory requirements of other Federal, State or regional agencies.

~~B. Buffer widths may be adjusted downward to a minimum of 25 feet or the buffer width may be allowed to average 50 feet on a case by case basis if the following conditions are present:~~

~~i. The developable portion of existing lots of record as of the date of adoption of this policy does not have sufficient size or dimensions to allow for a reasonable economic use of the property based on the designated land use category. In this instance, the remaining buffer shall be enhanced to minimize development impacts;~~

~~ii. The proposed development shall provide mitigation for reduction in standard by enhancing the functioning value of the wetland buffer area.~~

***Explanation:***

***Standards elsewhere in this element mandate an average wetland buffer width of 50 feet and 75 feet respectively, depending on the quality of the wetland. Eliminating these lesser (alternative) standards is intended to strengthen the City's requirements for wetland protection.***

~~C. If the SFWMD indicates that a wetland (or a portion thereof) is severely degraded and has minimal restoration potential and that beneficial mitigation of other wetlands would be achieved as a result of mitigation that allows some development in this degraded wetland (or portion thereof) then the underlying land use category shall apply. Mitigation shall be permitted with the first priority being mitigation on-site, the second priority being mitigation within the City limits, the third priority being mitigation within Martin County, the fourth priority being mitigation within the TCRPC district, and the fifth priority being mitigation outside the TCRPC district.~~

C. If the SFWMD indicates that a wetland (or a portion thereof) is severely degraded and has minimal restoration potential and that beneficial mitigation of other wetlands would be achieved as a result of mitigation that allows some development in this degraded wetland (or portion thereof), and the City concurs with this indication, then the underlying land use category shall apply. Mitigation shall be permitted in order of priority:

- 1) on-site mitigation
- 2) mitigation within the same watershed basin within the City limits
- 3) mitigation within the City of Stuart.

Off-site mitigation of wetlands or uplands shall not be permitted outside the City limits.

***Explanation:***

***The Commission has given direction that off-site mitigation not be allowed outside the City limits.***

D. Road crossings shall be allowed if absolutely necessary to access developable portions of the site or if shown to be in the overriding public interest, such as necessary collector or arterial road linkage. When allowed, road crossings shall occur at the narrowest point and be elevated on a bridge structure or above a culvert and designed so that water flow and wildlife movement are uninterrupted.

E. Public infrastructure may be located in wetlands if there is no other possible location available.

F. Future Land Use Element Policy A7.6 is applicable to the enforcement of all wetland conservation and protection policies.

*Policy A5.7.* The City shall protect the natural resources associated with recreation facilities, open space and natural reservations identified in the Recreation and Open Space Element through land development regulations providing performance standards for development of natural resources, and through ensuring through the site plan review process that existing open space and natural reservations are not changed to more intensive uses that would degrade natural resources.

*Policy A5.8.* The City shall protect native vegetative communities by requiring that existing native vegetation constituting up to 25 percent of a development site be preserved. Land clearing activities require a permit that demonstrates the protection of native vegetative communities consistent with Policy A5.8 and A5.9.

*Policy A5.9.* Environmentally sensitive lands containing native vegetative communities that provide wildlife habitat necessary for the survival of listed species as determined by the FGFWFC shall be protected and conserved. The Strategic Habitat Conservation Area Map indicates potential locations of such native vegetative communities. Development proposed in these areas must be surveyed to determine existing conditions. If the site contains native vegetative communities that provide wildlife habitat necessary for the survival of listed species as determined by the FGFWFC, the following shall be required:

- a. Cluster development away from the habitats of listed species.
- b. Avoid the fragmentation of contiguous ecological community associations which extend over adjacent parcels.
- c. Allow the transfer of development rights to other parcels in the City if otherwise consistent with this plan.

**Objective A6. Wildlife protection.**

Endangered, threatened and species of special concern shall be identified through the site plan process. Protection and enhancement of these wildlife populations within the City and in surrounding environs shall be through such provisions as adequate buffering, cluster development and density bonuses for developers that set aside land for wildlife habitat.

The following policies support this objective:

*Policy A6.1.* All endangered and threatened plant and animal populations shall be protected. Of special concern, are all species listed as endangered, threatened, of special concern or rare by the Federal government, the State of Florida or the Florida Committee on Rare and Endangered Plants and Animals.

*Policy A6.2.* Sites proposed for development activities within the known range of endangered or threatened species shall be surveyed at the request of local officials by qualified government ecologists prior to approval of or commencement of such activities to determine whether or not endangered or threatened plant and animal populations occur, and the potential impact of the proposed development. This request will originate within the City's site plan review process. If qualified government ecologists are not available for survey, the developer will obtain a City-approved professional consultant at the developer's expense.

*Policy A6.3.* The City shall maintain its status as a bird sanctuary and develop a program to encourage residents to provide additional backyard habitat to enhance non-game wildlife populations within the City.

*Policy A6.4:* As noted in the Martin County Manatee Protection Plan, the City shall coordinate with Martin County and state and federal agencies regarding the following issues:

- a. Implementation of speed zones as appropriate in the St. Lucie River.
- b. Monitoring of manatee mortality by collisions with watercraft in county waterways.
- c. Sea grass restoration to enhance estuarine natural resources, improve water quality, and provide additional foraging habitat for manatees.
- d. Participation on the Martin County Manatee Protection Advisory Committee as appropriate.

**Objective A7. Air quality.**

The City of Stuart shall continue to meet or surpass all national ambient air quality standards, as set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.



The following policies support this objective:

*Policy A7.1.* Transportation plan development and project reviews shall consider provisions for bicycle lanes, sidewalks, car pooling, mass transit and other transportation methods which reduce air polluting emissions.

*Policy A7.2.* Construction practices such as seeding, wetting and mulching which minimize airborne dust and particulate emission generated by construction activities shall be undertaken within 30 days of completion of clearing work. Clearing of specific building sites shall not commence without the necessary permit as required under the City's revised land development regulations.

*Policy A7.3.* All buildings scheduled for renovation or demolition shall be required to receive a Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP) permit and shall be surveyed for the presence of asbestos. Asbestos shall be removed prior to demolition. Any asbestos removal shall be performed by a contractor licensed under the Florida Department of Professional Regulation. Any buildings scheduled for demolition shall apply for a permit from the Department of Environmental Protection.

*Policy A7.4.* Landscape efforts and ordinances shall consider the use of landscape material, including trees, to mitigate localized air quality problems. Consistent with this policy, the City shall undertake efforts to promote large-scale tree planting programs.

*Policy A7.5.* Compliance of future development with all appropriate air quality standards shall be assured.

**Objective A8. Soil and shoreline erosion prevention.**

The City shall conserve soil resources by reducing the rate of soil erosion resulting from land development and other activities.

The following policies support this objective:

*Policy A8.1.* The City shall consider topographic, hydrologic and vegetative cover factors in the site plan review process of proposed developments. Removal of native vegetation within the buffer zone as defined in Policy A4.2 and on stream banks and on slopes of greater than 3:1 shall be prohibited.

*Policy A8.2.* Sloping revetments, interlocking bricks and similar designs to reduce the effects of bottom scouring by more effectively dissipating wave forces shall be used in all shoreline construction.

*Policy A8.3.* Replanting of sea grasses shall be encouraged during redevelopment of coastal areas. Upon determination that existing environmental conditions can support an appropriate species of sea grasses, the City shall seek funding and manpower from public and private organizations, including use of citizen volunteer projects in areas identified as having potential for reestablishment.

*Policy A8.4.* The City shall cooperate with the Martin County Soil and Water Conservation District and the U.S. Soil Conservation Service to monitor soil erosion rates and develop programs to minimize soil erosion.

*Policy A8.5.* The City shall prohibit the use of off-road vehicles in all areas other than those that are explicitly permitted.

**Objective A9. Hazardous waste.**

The City shall develop a hazardous waste management program for the inventory, storage, recycling, collection and disposal of hazardous waste.

The following policies support this objective:

*Policy A9.1.* In order to protect the City's natural resources, the City shall manage the generation, handling or storage of hazardous waste as follows: For new development, the City shall consider the impacts of potential hazardous wastes during the site plan review process. For existing development, the City shall require notification of hazardous waste generation, handling or storage as part of the occupational license application procedure. Such development will be permitted by the City only after the applicant provides an emergency response plan addressing accidents involving hazardous waste, and mitigation strategies to protect local natural resources.

*Policy A9.2.* The City shall cooperate with the County in developing and implementing an emergency hazardous waste response program.

*Policy A9.3.* The City shall negotiate with at least two automobile service stations in the City to accept waste motor oil and lead acid batteries for recycling.

*Policy A9.4.* The City shall cooperate with Martin County in sponsoring Amnesty Days to collect household hazardous waste for proper disposal.

**Objective A10. [Landscaping and maintenance of open spaces.]**

The City shall assure that open spaces are preserved and maintained in properly landscaped and litter free condition.

The following policies support this objective:

*Policy A10.1.* Public lands shall be landscaped and maintained in keeping with the standards, specifications and intent of the City landscaping requirements of the Land Development Regulations.

*Policy A10.2.* The City Public Works and Code Enforcement Departments shall be instructed to give greater emphasis to the fullest possible enforcement of both City and State ordinances pertaining to the landscaping of private and commercial properties and pertaining to littering.

*Policy A10.3.* Existing City ordinances shall be reviewed in respect to their ability to fulfill Policies A10.1 and A10.2 and, as may be required, new ordinances shall be written and passed to assure the fulfillment of Objective A10. It shall be the purpose of such new legislation to assure that landscape requirements apply equally and totally to all defined Open Spaces and are enforced within reasonable time limits.

*Policy A10.4.* Techniques for funding Open Space landscaping and maintenance shall be investigated. The City shall earmark local tax revenues for the landscaping and litter-free maintenance of open spaces and/or investigate user fees, impact fees, and volunteer programs as may be needed.

DRAFT

**EXHIBIT B  
AMENDMENTS TO CHAPTER 5  
"RESOURCE PROTECTION STANDARDS" AND CHAPTER 10 "HARDSHIP RELIEF"  
OF THE CITY OF STUART LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE**

**5.00.00 IN GENERAL**

The intent of this chapter is to protect and manage wetlands, environmentally sensitive lands, historic and specimen trees, mangroves and the shoreline within the city to implement the goals, objectives and policies of the comprehensive plan of the city.

The regulations of this chapter apply to all public and private lands within the city. Pursuant to Chapter XI of this Code, a permit shall be required for any development or other site activity that alters, impacts or removes environmentally sensitive lands, wetlands or trees within the city. Any violation of this chapter shall constitute a municipal ordinance violation and may be prosecuted before the code enforcement board of the city as provided in section 5.06.00 below.

These regulations will be applied to proposed development site plans or proposed plat plans submitted to the city to all site activity that occurs on or after February 14, 2000.

**5.01.00 DEFINITIONS**

As used in this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings.

*Department* means the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

*District* means the South Florida Water Management District.

*Greenway* means a corridor of native vegetation managed for conservation purposes with a minimum average width of 100 feet and at no point a width of less than 50 feet.

*Listed species* means those species of plants or animals listed as threatened, endangered, or species of special concern by the State of Florida in Chapter 39, Florida Administrative Code, or F.S. ch. 581, as either may be amended from time to time.

*Native vegetation* means vegetation comprised of those species of vegetation that were present in Florida at the time of European contact including threshold wetlands. Any species introduced to Florida thereafter is non-native vegetation. Descriptions of typical areas of native vegetation are described in the latest version of "26 Ecological Communities of Florida" published by the Florida Chapter of the Soil and Water Conservation Society.

*Native vegetation preserve area* means that portion of a property in which no development activity is permitted including threshold wetlands, upland buffers, greenways, and habitat of listed species or areas of native vegetation.

*Native uplands* are those upland areas that consist of vegetation in which 50 percent or more of the vegetative cover is native vegetation.

*Non-native uplands* are those upland areas that are either devoid of vegetation or consist of vegetation of which less than 50 percent is native vegetation.

*Non-native vegetation* means any vegetation that is not native vegetation.

*Outstanding resource wetland* means a wetland that is naturally connected to the St. Lucie River, or to Poppleton Creek, Frazier Creek, Haney Creek, Krueger Creek and Willoughby Creek, or to the tributaries thereto. To be an outstanding resource wetland, the connection must be natural and not man-made.

*Preserve area* means that portion of a property in which no development activity is permitted including wetlands, upland buffers, greenways, and habitat of listed species or areas of native vegetation.

*State of Florida* includes the Department of Environmental Protection and the South Florida Water Management District.

*Threshold wetland* means a wetland that is less than one-half acre or is not otherwise regulated by the State of Florida. A threshold wetland is considered to be native vegetation.

*Upland buffer* means an area of undisturbed or appropriately managed vegetation surrounding a wetland that will minimize disturbances to the wetland during and after development.

*Verified wetland delineation* means a determination of the extent of wetlands within a site that has been verified in writing by the State of Florida.

*Wetland* means an area that is inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and a duration sufficient to support, and under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soils and is verified to be a "wetland" by the State of Florida as defined at Chapter 62-340.200(19) of the Florida Administrative Code, as amended from time to time.

*Wetland delineation* means the process by which wetlands are mapped and located within a project site.

*Wetland mitigation* means the creation of wetland values and functions to offset direct and indirect development impacts to existing wetlands resulting from a proposed project.

*Watershed* means that area that has been identified in studies or adopted plans to drain into the St. Lucie River or its tributaries being Poppleton Creek, Frazier Creek, Haney Creek, Willoughby Creek and Krueger Creek.

#### **5.02.00 ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT REPORT FOR SITES WITH WETLANDS OF GREATER THAN ONE ACRE**

For properties with wetlands and for properties of greater than one acre, an application for site plan approval or plat approval shall include an environmental assessment report relating to the subject property. The report shall include the information listed below:

A. *Site description.* A description of the site location and acreage, including adjacent streets and roads, Township, Section, Range and street address, if any, shall be included. A site location map at a scale sufficient to show the site and its relationship to the city municipal boundary shall be provided.

B. *Vegetative description.* A description of the vegetation on the site and each separate type of upland vegetation or land cover and each type of wetland vegetation cover shall be mapped and described in accordance with the Florida Land Use, Cover, and Forms Classification System. The map shall include total acreage calculations of each vegetative type shown on the map. A recent aerial photograph of the subject property to correspond to the map shall be included.

C. *Wetland delineation.*

1. A copy of a wetland delineation map according to the State of Florida shall be submitted to the city development department. If the delineation of wetlands is not complete at the time of review, a map depicting the approximate location and types of wetlands shall be submitted for planning purposes. Issuance of a development permit will not occur until a verified wetland determination is completed and development plans revised accordingly.
2. For those sites where wetlands have been determined to be present, a separate determination of the existence of outstanding resource wetlands shall be provided. This determination shall meet the criteria for an outstanding resource wetland provided in this chapter. A separate map of outstanding resource wetlands shall be included.

**D. *Wildlife evaluation.***

1. A description of the wildlife actually observed or expected on the site based on observed habitat shall be included. Habitat indicators such as tracks, burrows, nests, and live sightings should be documented for species listed by Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service as endangered, threatened or of special concern.
2. The field reconnaissance and identification efforts and methods including transects, random observation, and reference documents used in the wildlife evaluation shall be described. Copies of correspondence with the commission and service shall be provided. In instances where the presence of listed species is actually observed or expected based on habitat, the city development director may require documentation of coordination with the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to consider the application complete.

**E. *Preserve area and upland buffer evaluation.*** A calculation of the preserve area and upland buffer requirements for the project as set forth in this chapter shall be included. This evaluation must include a summary of total site area, acreage of wetlands, acreage of native upland and of non-native upland. A map depicting each area type, as well as locations of wildlife observations from the wildlife evaluation, shall be provided.

**5.03.00 WETLANDS**

The wetlands subject to the provisions of this chapter are those that have been "verified" by the State of Florida or the City of Stuart.

***Explanation:***

***Allows the City to designate wetlands independently of the SFWMD.***

**Sec. 5.03.01. Wetland verification and illustration.**

**GRAPHIC LINK: [Click here for graphic](#)**

Wetland verification for the purposes of protection under this chapter shall, at a minimum, be consistent with F.S. § 373.421, and with Chapter 62-340, Florida Administrative Code. A wetland, with the required upland buffer and construction setback area, is depicted above as a "jurisdictional wetland boundary" in Figure 1. Surrounding the wetland is the required "upland buffer" and the "construction setback."

**Explanation:**

***Allows the City to designate wetlands that may not be so designated by the state or other agencies.***

**Sec. 5.03.02. Wetland protection standards.**

A. *Introduction.* To preserve and protect wetlands, the city advocates a development pattern that avoids or minimizes damage to wetlands and directs development to lands that are not environmentally sensitive. The city encourages activities not dependent upon a wetland location be located at upland sites. To promote compact urban development and discourage urban sprawl, the city allows wetland impacts under certain conditions and only where all practical measures to avoid wetlands have been applied.

B. *Impacts to wetlands prohibited.* Except as otherwise provided herein, any impact upon a wetland, whether directly or indirectly caused, is prohibited. An impact upon a wetland is damage to a wetland caused by any means.

An impact to a wetland is prohibited unless the mitigation requirements of this chapter and each of the following criteria 1. through and including 6. are satisfied.

1. If wetlands exist on the development site, the developer shall meet with the city development director to discuss preliminary site design prior to the submittal of a permit application to the State of Florida. The applicant shall provide copies of all State of Florida permit information and related correspondence to the city development department.

2. The requirements for elimination and reduction of impacts to wetlands in accordance with Rule 40E-1, Florida Administrative Code, Basis of Review for Environmental Resource Permit Applications Section 4.2.1., as amended from time to time, shall be met. Evidence thereof shall include a South Florida Water Management District staff report with a recommendation of approval from the district. A permit from district shall precede any direct impact to a wetland.

3. The requirements for avoidance and minimization of direct impacts to wetlands in accordance with the federal Clean Water Act, as amended from time to time, shall be met. Evidence thereof shall include a permit or letter of intent to issue a permit from the Army Corps of Engineers. A final permit from the corps shall precede any direct impact to a wetland.

4. In those instances where wetland delineation was not conducted using the post-1994 accepted practice for doing so and no permit was required from the State of Florida, impact to a wetland is prohibited unless the mitigation requirements of this chapter, and at least one of the following conditions exists and the proposed impact is being made in the context of a Planned Unit Development (PUD) Agreement.

a. The proposed impact is necessary to accommodate roads, utilities, and other infrastructure that cannot otherwise be reasonably provided without the impact.

b. More than 75 percent of the vegetation within the wetland to be impacted is non-native vegetation.

c. A larger upland preserve areas with significantly higher ecological values not required for preservation by this chapter will be preserved elsewhere on the site.

d. The proposed impact is necessary to accommodate a consolidated site plan that implements a compact urban development form.

**Explanation:**

***The above changes are intended to narrow the circumstances under which wetlands may be impacted and allows the City Commission to consider proposed impacts on a case-by-case basis.***

5. Unless otherwise approved by the city commission, new onsite sewage disposal systems must be located not less than 75 feet from wetlands for lots created after January 1, 1972 and not less than 50 feet from wetlands for lots created prior to 1972.

6. No wetland impacts shall be permitted on sites where no development activity is proposed.

C. *Upland buffer requirements for verified wetlands.* To protect wetlands, upland buffers around wetlands shall be provided and preserved around each wetland or portion thereof on the property.

1. The minimum average width of an upland buffer shall be 50 feet and at no point shall its width be less than 25 feet. The minimum average width of an upland buffer around an outstanding resource wetland shall be 75 feet and at no point be less than 50 feet. ~~Where a width of less than the minimum average width is proposed at any point, the omitted upland buffer area shall be replaced with additional upland buffer elsewhere around the subject wetland on an area ratio of two to one.~~

**Explanation:**

***This chapter mandates an average wetland buffer width of 50 feet and 75 feet respectively, depending on the quality of the wetland. The deleted language is intended to strengthen the City's requirements for wetland protection.***

2. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the native vegetation within an upland buffer shall not be disturbed by development activity.

3. ~~Any portion of an a required upland buffer not comprised of native vegetation shall be planted with native vegetation, such that the minimum average width of the upland buffer is 50 feet and its minimum width is 25 feet.~~

**Explanation:**

***Language deleted to provide consistency with item 1. above..***

a. Planting shall include all vegetation types that are consistent with the native uplands in the vicinity, including canopy, understory and ground cover.

b. The non-native vegetation in the upland buffer planted area shall be removed.

c. Planting shall be installed according to a planting plan prepared by an environmental professional consistent with the latest version of "26 Ecological Communities of Florida" published by the Florida Chapter of the Soil and Water Conservation Society and approved by the city development director.

d. ~~Planting beyond 25 feet of the wetland boundary is not required provided an area of native vegetation contiguous to the boundary of the upland buffer and of equal or greater size is included with the upland buffer and preserved as such.~~

**Explanation:**

***Deleted language conflicts with minimum 50 foot and 75 foot width standards and mandatory buffer planting requirements.***

4. An upland buffer shall be protected by a construction setback of five feet from the upland buffer boundary. Within this setback area, no earthwork, construction or placement of structures shall be permitted.

***D. Greenways between wetlands on development sites of greater than ten five acres.***

**Explanation:**

***Change intended to promote greenway linkages on smaller parcels.***

1. ~~The provisions of this subsection apply to developments of greater than ten five acres.~~

**Explanation:**

***Restatement of change above.***

2. The upland buffer around wetlands shall be extended to provide a greenway connection between wetlands that are separated by 200 feet or less of native upland habitat. A greenway will be located entirely on the development site and may be required in relation to a wetland on adjacent property.

3. The area of a greenway is included in the required preserve area.

4. The location of greenways between wetlands both on the development site and on property adjacent to the development site is illustrated in Figure 2 below.

**GRAPHIC LINK: [Click here for graphic](#)**

5. Up to ten percent of the required parking that would otherwise be located in a greenway may, if approved by the city development director, either be waived or provided on stabilized grass or similar pervious parking surface.

6. A greenway may be crossed to accommodate roads, utilities or other infrastructure that cannot, as determined by the city development director, be reasonably located elsewhere. The crossing shall be designed to maintain



hydrologic and wildlife connections through appropriate structures such as culverts and to otherwise minimize impact upon the greenway.

~~Sec. 5.03.03. Watershed area incentive.~~

~~The watershed areas of Poppleton Creek, Frazier Creek, Haney Creek, Krueger Creek and Willoughby Creek have unique environmental value. An incentive is provided for enhanced protection these watershed areas.~~

~~A. *Reduced wetlands buffer incentive.* Properties within the watershed areas may contain wetlands. The upland buffer of an outstanding resource wetlands is a minimum average width of 75 feet and for other wetlands a minimum average width of 50 feet. These upland buffer minimum average widths may be reduced to 50 feet and 25 feet respectively provided the omitted upland buffer area is replaced with additional upland buffer elsewhere around the subject wetland on an area ratio of one to one and upon a determination by the city development director that one or more of the following criteria for watershed protection are met.~~

~~B. *Watershed protection criteria.*~~

~~1. The proposal to reduce the upland buffer must provide a significant benefit to the watershed as determined by the city development director and evidenced by one or more of the following:~~

- ~~a. Water quality improvements;~~
- ~~b. Water quantity and timing improvements; and~~
- ~~c. Native vegetation or wildlife habitat enhancement.~~

~~2. The proposal must comply with any existing management plans adopted by the city for the specific watershed.~~

***Explanation:***

***Reduced buffer standards are not consistent with proposed changes made elsewhere in this section. Proposed enhancements envisioned in this section may be made in the context of a PUD agreement.***

**Sec. 5.03.04. Wetland mitigation.**

~~In the event an applicant proposes an impact upon a wetland, the applicant shall also propose mitigation to offset the effects of such impact in compliance with the mitigation requirements established by the State of Florida, Army Corps of Engineers and the City. These agencies have established methodologies not duplicated herein for mitigation for wetland impacts that are included in their respective regulatory programs.~~

***Explanation:***

***Allows the City to require mitigation independently of other agencies.***

A. *South Florida water management district requirements.* Prior to site plan approval, compliance of proposed mitigation with applicable regulations of the State of Florida and the Army Corps of Engineers shall be provided to the city. Evidence of compliance shall include a staff report of the State of Florida inclusive of a recommendation of approval. A permit from the State of Florida shall precede any impact to a wetland.

B. *Clean Water Act requirements.* The proposed mitigation shall comply in all respects with Section 404 of the Clean Water Act as amended from time to time. Evidence that this criterion has been met shall consist of a permit or letter of intent to issue a permit from the Army Corps of Engineers. A final permit from the corps is required before any wetland impacts occur.

C. *Wetland mitigation priorities.* If the State of Florida, or other agency determines that a wetland, or a portion thereof may be mitigated, and the City concurs, that mitigation may proceed according to the following geographic priorities:

1. ~~The first priority shall be mitigation on-site.~~
2. ~~The second priority shall be mitigation within the city, within the same watershed.~~
3. ~~The third priority shall be mitigation within the City Martin County.~~
4. ~~The fourth priority shall be mitigation within the Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council district.~~
5. ~~The fifth priority shall be mitigation outside the Treasure Coast Regional Planning Council district.~~

***Explanation:***

***The Commission has given direction that off-site mitigation not be allowed outside the City limits.***

D. *Other requirements.* In those instances where wetland delineation was not conducted using the post-1994 accepted practice for doing so and no permit was required from the State of Florida, impact to a wetland shall be permitted only if the mitigation requirements below are met.

1. The proposed mitigation will replace the wetland functions and associated values lost as a result of the impact as determined in accordance with the South Florida Water Management District Wetland Rapid Assessment Procedure.
2. Any crossings of wetlands for access or infrastructure will provide continued hydrologic and wildlife connections through culverts or other appropriate structural means.
3. The applicant has a sufficient perpetual property interest to ensure completion and perpetual preservation of the mitigation area.
4. The applicant has provided a long-term monitoring and maintenance plan that will ensure the success of the mitigation according to the maintenance plan.
5. The applicant provides financial assurance such as a bond or letter of credit to ensure completion, monitoring and maintenance of the mitigation.

**5.04.00 ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE LANDS**

No site clearing of any public or private lands within the city shall be permitted without approval by the city. Proposed development site plans and plat applications for sites of greater than one acre shall include a native vegetation preserve area for the preservation of upland areas in functional habitat units.

**Sec. 5.04.01. Requirements for sites of greater than one acre.**

For sites where less than 25 percent of the development site, exclusive of wetlands that are verified to be a "wetland" by the State of Florida, Army Corps of Engineers or the City, exists as native vegetative areas, all native vegetative areas shall be preserved. For sites where greater than 25 percent of the development site, exclusive of wetlands that are so verified by the State of Florida, Army Corps of Engineers or the City exists as native vegetative areas, not less than 25 percent of the development site shall be preserved as a native vegetative area. This area can consist of the upland buffers, greenways, native uplands, wetland areas of less than one-half acre and not verified to be a "wetland" by the State of Florida, Army Corps of Engineers or the City, habitat of listed species, and habitat of wildlife.

***Explanation:***

***Allows the City to designate wetlands independently of other agencies***

**Sec. 5.04.02. Identification of native vegetation preserve area for sites of greater than one acre.**

The preserve area shall be set aside in accordance with the following priorities:

***A. Native vegetation preserve area priority criteria.***

1. On development sites where upland buffers for wetlands ~~is~~ are required, the first priority for the identification of the native vegetation preserve area shall include the areas of upland buffers and greenways, if any, and then areas of native vegetation.

***Explanation:***

***Grammatical correction.***

2. After the location of the upland buffers for wetlands, the balance of the native vegetation preserve area shall be areas of existing native habitat of the listed species. Necessary permits from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the Florida Fresh Water Conservation Commission may require a larger native vegetation preserve area and in such event those permit requirements shall apply.

3. In the event, given the foregoing criteria, the entire native vegetation preserve area has not been provided for, the balance of the native vegetation preserve area shall be located with reference to the following:

a. Areas for integration and maintenance of environmental systems; and

b. Protection of ecotones and diverse habitat types, including the interface of wetlands, uplands and various upland types; and

c. Preservation of wetlands that are isolated from other wetlands or upland systems and not connected to native habitat.

4. For sites with no native vegetation, the landscaping requirements of this Code shall be met with native vegetation, however, the side and rear landscape strip shall be 25 feet in depth and planted with native vegetation. The location and type shall be determined by the presence or absence of native vegetation on adjacent property.

**B. Native vegetation preserve area on-site relocation option.** , Excluding native vegetation included within areas of listed species habitat and upland buffers, for sites of five acres or less, the applicant may propose a relocation or replanting of native vegetation that would otherwise be preserved. Such relocation and replanting shall include all vegetation types that are consistent with the native uplands on the site and in the vicinity, including canopy, understory and ground cover, and shall be installed according to a planting plan prepared by an environmental professional.

**Explanation:**

*Smaller developments result in smaller preserve areas, which in turn have a diminishing value as habitat. Limiting on-site relocation to parcels of five acres or less is intended to safeguard the habitat value of larger preserve areas on larger sites.*

**C. Native vegetation preserve area off-site relocation option.** For sites of five acres or less, the preserve area may be provided off-site if the following conditions are met:

**Explanation:**

*Same principle as above.*

1. The native vegetation that would otherwise be preserved on the development site is not the habitat of listed species.
2. The required upland buffers are provided.
3. The development site is proposed for non-residential uses or mixed-use.
4. The location of the off-site preserve area is within the City limits, approved by the city and consistent with adopted environmental management plans.

**Explanation:**

*The Commission has given direction that off-site mitigation not be allowed outside the City limits.*

5. The preserve area is provided according to one of the following options:

a. Provision of ~~Not~~ less than two acres of off-site preserve area shall be provided for every one acre of on-site native vegetation preserve. ~~area not provided~~ Said off-site preserve area shall be ~~being~~ of a superior habitat quality, or

**Explanation:**

**Clarification.**

b. Payment to the city of an amount that is ~~150~~ 200 percent of the appraised value of the entire development site that is prorated to apply to the native vegetation preserve area acreage not provided for deposit into a city environmental trust fund for storm water quality improvements, and for the acquisition, enhancement and maintenance of environmentally sensitive lands, and for environmental education.

**Explanation:**

**Change intended to enhance the transaction's environmental benefit to the City. Again, applies to parcels of 5 acres or less..**

**Sec. 5.04.03. Monitoring and maintenance of preserve areas for sites of greater than one acre.**

In order to ensure that the wetland and upland preserve areas remain a native vegetative area and a functional habitat for wildlife, these areas must be monitored and maintained in their native form. This requirement shall be met both during construction of approved projects as well as throughout the existence of the project and its associated preserve areas.

A. *Preserve area protection plan during construction.* The application for site plan approval for a site of greater than one acre shall include a preserve area protection plan the provisions of which shall be implemented prior to construction to prevent encroachment and negative effects upon required preserve areas. The plan shall include the following:

1. A barricade plan shall indicate the locations and types of barricades that will be employed to prevent encroachment of construction activities into the preserve areas.
2. An erosion and turbidity control plan shall indicate the locations and types of erosion control that will be employed to prevent runoff of turbid water into the preserve areas.
3. A schedule for the inspection and maintenance of barricades and erosion controls prior to and during the construction period shall be provided.

4. A signage and information plan depicting locations and text for signs designating preserve areas shall indicate that the signs will be placed at an interval of one per lot with perimeter bordering preserve or buffer areas or every 100 feet for perimeter areas that do not include lots.

5. The preserve areas signs shall include the following statement:

"PRESERVE AREA -

NO DUMPING -

NO TRIMMING - NO MOWING."

B. *Preserve area vegetative requirements.* As a condition of site plan or plat approval for a site of greater than one acre, the proposed development project shall meet the following criteria for preserve areas.

1. All nuisance and non-native vegetation shall be eradicated within all wetlands and upland preserve areas except as specified below. Non-native vegetation includes all species on the Exotic Pest Plant Council list as amended from time to time. Nuisance vegetation includes cattail, primrose willow and other species designated as nuisance or undesirable by the South Florida Water Management District.

2. Eradication shall consist of the most ecologically sound combination of mechanical removal, manual removal and herbicide treatment. All vegetative debris generated by the eradication must be disposed of outside the wetland or preserve area.

3. A limited amount of non-native vegetation may be allowed to remain as a visual and noise buffer as determined by the city development director on a particular site.

C. *Preserve area maintenance.* For sites that are greater than one acre, the application for site plan or plat approval shall include a preserve area maintenance plan.

1. The preserve area maintenance plan shall include the following.

a. Provision shall be made for annual monitoring of the vegetative cover in the preserve area for the five years after completion of the project.

b. The vegetative cover data shall be collected in accordance with generally accepted scientific methods, including any occurrence of non-native vegetation or nuisance vegetation. Data shall be documented on a summary monitoring sheet.

c. Monitoring reports shall include the quantitative vegetation cover data from designated monitoring locations within the preserve area. The vegetative coverage data shall be measured as absolute coverage within an area of approximately 2,500 square feet at each monitoring station.

d. The vegetation shall be measured in percent coverage of the canopy and understory layer and ground cover. The total percent cover should not exceed 100 percent, and each species documented will be reported in both common and Latin names.

e. The coverage shall be measured by visual observation in each of four quadrants from the fixed monitoring point. Observations extend approximately 50 feet from the observer in each direction thus covering approximately 2,500 square feet at each station. The data from each quadrant observation is combined to calculate the vegetative coverage. Station locations are to be permanently marked to ensure consistency in data collection.

- f. At least one panoramic photo shall be collected from each of the established monitoring stations to provide documentation of vegetative coverage.
  - g. The monitoring report shall include recommendations for maintenance, if necessary.
  - h. Provision shall be made for continued eradication of nuisance and non-native vegetation that may occur in the preserve area and for long-term habitat management to maintain the type and quality of habitat originally intended for the project.
  - i. Provision shall be made for financial assurance for not less than five years that monitoring and maintenance of the preserve area will be conducted per the plan.
2. The preserve area maintenance plan and provisions shall be included in the deeds and covenants which run with the property.
  3. A preserve area maintenance plan compliance analysis report shall be filed annually with the city for each of the first five years following completion of the project. The report shall detail compliance with the plan, and shall include an update of the specific monitoring criteria as listed above and a description of the effort needed to comply with the plan on an annual basis.
  4. Prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy for any portion of the development, the developer shall execute a contract with the city whereby the developer and successors in interest to the developer are bound to comply with the plan. Said contract shall be recorded in the public records of Martin County, Florida and shall specifically provide for injunctive relief and specific performance and shall indicate any intended third party beneficiaries.
  5. Violation of a plan shall constitute a violation of this Code enforceable through Code Enforcement proceedings as well as other available legal and equitable remedies provided by law.

**Sec. 5.04.04. Activities presumed to have an insignificant adverse affect on protected areas.**

1. Certain activities are presumed to have an insignificant adverse affect on the beneficial functions of protected areas established in section 5.03.03 B. Notwithstanding the prohibition in section 5.03.04 A., the following activities may be undertaken.
  - a. Scenic, historic, wildlife, or scientific preserves.
  - b. Minor maintenance or emergency repair to existing structures or improved areas.
  - c. Establishment of the Stuart Riverwalk.

**5.05.00 TREES**

**Sec. 5.05.01. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter, the following terms have the following meanings:

*DBH* means the diameter of a tree trunk at 4.5 feet above ground level.

*Historic tree* means a tree as defined in Chapter XII of this Code that has been identified by the city commission to have special historic significance or that has achieved at least 50 percent of the DBH of the Florida champion of the species as identified in "Big Trees - The Florida Register" published by the Florida Native Plant Society, 1997, as amended, excluding exempt trees as identified in section 6.06.00, Landscaping, of this Code.

*Specimen tree* means a Slash Pine which has achieved a DBH of ten inches or any other tree as defined in Chapter XII of this Code which has achieved a DBH of 4.5 inches which is listed on the City of Stuart Tree List in this Code or has achieved the lesser of a DBH of ten inches or at least 25 percent of the DBH of the Florida Champion of the species as identified in "Big Trees - The Florida Register" published by the Florida Native Plant Society, 1997, as amended, excluding all exempt trees as identified in 6.06.00 Landscaping of this Code.

*Tree location map* means a current aerial photograph not more than three years old with a minimum scale of one inch = 200 feet that indicates the trunk location of all specimen and historic trees plotted with the common or scientific name and DBH of all such trees.

*Tree survey* means a survey consisting of field flagging and identification of all historic and specimen trees within the proposed development area of a project. The tree locations shall be tied into a boundary survey of the site. Tree locations in a preserve area and wetland, and any other area that will not be filled or affected by the proposed construction, are not required to be surveyed.

**Sec. 5.05.02. Tree survey requirements for sites of greater than one acre.**

A. *Tree protection information.* The following requirements regarding tree protection shall apply to all applications for site plan approval for sites greater than one acre.

1. A tree location map shall be filed with the application for site plan approval. The map shall indicate the approximate locations of all historic trees and all specimen trees on the site. These trees are listed below.
2. Each tree so mapped shall be designated on the tree location map by size in diameter at 4.5 feet above the ground and type. The tree location map shall depict the proposed building and construction areas within the proposed project and how those areas affect the mapped trees.
3. In the event trees subject to protection in this section will be removed or otherwise impacted directly, or will be filled at the base or otherwise impacted indirectly, a tree survey shall be prepared.

B. *Protected tree species and criteria.*

1. Specimen trees are:
  - a. Unless otherwise noted, all trees on the city tree list which have reached a DBH of not less than 4.5 inches;
  - b. Slash pine trees which have reached a DBH of not less than ten inches;
  - c. All trees on the city flowering tree list which have achieved a DBH of not less than six inches; and
  - d. Any other tree that has achieved a DBH of not less than ten inches or 25 percent of the DBH of the Florida Champion of the species as identified in "Big Trees - The Florida Register" published by the Florida Native Plant Society, 1997, as amended.
2. Historic trees are those that have achieved 50 percent or more of the DBH of the Florida Champion of the species.
3. The city tree list follows:

CITY OF STUART TREE LIST

TABLE INSET:



American Holly	(Ilex opaca)
Bald Cypress	(Taxodium distichum)
Banyan Tree	(Ficus benghalensis)
Dahoon Holly	(Ilex cassine)
Gumbo Limbo	(Bursera simaruba)
Hickory	(Carya ashei)
Laurel Oak	(Quercus laurifolia)
Live Oak	(Quercus virginiana)
Loblolly Bay	(Gordonia lasianthus)
Mahogany	(Swietenia mahogani)
Red Bay	(Persea borbonia)
Red Maple	(Acer rubrum)
Sand Pine	(Pinus clausa)
Slash Pine	(Pinus elliottii var. densa)
Southern Magnolia	(Magnolia grandiflora)
Southern Red Cedar	(Juniperus silicicola)
Strangler Fig	(Ficus aurea)
Sweet Bay	(Magnolia virginia)
Sweet Gum	(Liquidambar styraciflua)
Sycamore	(Plantanum occidentalis)

4. The city flowering tree list follows:

CITY OF STUART FLOWERING TREE LIST

TABLE INSET:

Glaucous Cassia 1	(Cassia surattensis)
Weeping Bottlebrush 1	(Callistemon viminalis)
Lemon Bottlebrush 1	(Callistemon lanceolata)
Golden Rain Tree 1	(Koelreuteria formosana)
Queens Crepe Myrtle 1	(Lagerstromia speciosa)
Paradise Tree	(Simaruba glauca)
Silver Trumpet 1	(Tabebuia caraiba)
Pink Tab or Trumpet Tree 1	(Tabebuia heterophylla)
Jerusalem Thorn 1	(Parkinsonia aculeata)
Princess Flower Tree 1	(Tibouchina grandiflora )
Hong Kong Orchid 1	(Bauhinia blakeana)

1 NOTE: It is recognized that these plant materials are not considered native vegetation materials and do not count towards the native vegetation requirements of this Code.

**Sec. 5.05.03. Tree replacement and protection requirements.**

A. *Historic trees and specimen trees.* Historic trees and specimen trees located within that portion of a development site to be developed shall be protected in accordance with the following criteria. No historic or specimen trees shall be removed without a tree removal permit pursuant to Chapter XI of this Code.

1. *Specimen trees.* All practical measures shall be taken to leave specimen trees in place and preserved within development sites.

a. Specimen trees within parking areas shall be preserved with tree wells or other appropriate measures, if practical. Any parking space requirement that would require the removal of a specimen tree may be waived by the city development director if no fewer than 90 percent of the required parking spaces will be provided. Otherwise, specimen trees shall be relocated within the project site.

b. Specimen trees within building envelopes or for which there is no practical alternative for preservation shall be relocated within the project site.

c. Specimen trees, excluding Slash Pine trees, for which relocation is not possible or is not expected to be successful, shall be replaced with like species within the project site. Replacement trees shall have a combined DBH of 2.5 times the DBH of the trees replaced. The minimum size for replacement trees is 4.5 inches DBH. Determination of replacement trees shall be calculated in accordance with Table 1 below.

d. Specimen trees, specifically and only Slash Pines, for which relocation is not possible or is not expected to be successful, shall be replaced with like species within the project site. Replacement trees shall have a combined DBH of 1.5 times the DBH of the trees replaced. The minimum size for replacement trees is 2.5 inches DBH. Replacement of this variety shall be calculated in accordance with Table 1 below.

e. When not feasible to replant with like species of Slash Pine, replacement trees may be substituted with the following palm trees on a 1:1 ratio:

- Alexander Palm
- Coconut Palm
- Chinese Fan Palm
- Date Palm
- Majesty Palm
- Royal Palm
- Christmas Palm
- Washington Palm

For every one foot of clear trunk of palm tree exceeding minimum palm tree size per the landscape code, credit will be given for one inch of replacement.

f. Additional preservation of native habitat may be substituted for the tree replacement requirements of this section as approved by the city development director. Such preservation is additional to requirements for wetlands and preserve areas and shall include sufficient native trees to meet the DBH replacement requirements in paragraph c. above.

g. Credit towards tree replacement requirements shall be provided for required landscaping only if all required trees are planted at a minimum DBH of 4.5 inches and all required palms are planted at a minimum of 14 feet clear trunk. If required trees or palms, as proposed for a development site in accordance with the landscape code of

these Stuart Land Development Regulations, are planted at minimum landscape code requirements, then no credit is obtainable.

h. As determined by the city development director, monies may be contributed as part of tree replacement requirements. This tree replacement mitigation, through payment into the city tree replacement fund, shall only provide for a 50 percent mitigation of the required number of trees to be replaced. The city development director shall coordinate the recovery and disbursement of said funds in accordance with the general provisions of this chapter.

i. Relocated trees that do not survive at least two years shall, in turn, be replaced. A mechanism for financial assurance that relocated and replacement trees will meet survival criteria shall be provided.

Table 1  
Proposed Formulas for Tree Replacement and Contribution into City Tree Fund

TABLE INSET:

Tree Replacement Formula--Slash Pine:														
Total # inches to remove	×	1.5	=	Total # to be replaced	/	Minimum size to replace 2.5"	=	Total # trees to plant	×	50% mitigation to pay into city tree fund	×	175% of plant finder wholesale	=	Total \$ amount to pay into city tree fund
Tree Replacement Formula--All trees less Slash Pine:														
Total # inches to remove	×	2.5	=	Total # to be replaced	/	Minimum size to replace 4.5"	=	Total # trees to plant	×	50% mitigation to pay into city tree fund	×	175% of plant finder wholesale	=	Total \$ amount to pay into city tree fund

2. *Historic trees.* All historic trees located within a proposed development site shall be preserved.

a. A site plan proposal shall indicate the preservation of all historic trees in all areas of a development site, including parking areas and open space. The site plan shall indicate protective measures to ensure the preservation and longevity of all historic trees, such as tree wells, construction barricades or fencing, or relocation.

b. Any parking space requirement or building envelope which would require the removal of a historic tree may be waived by the city development director if no fewer than 90 percent of the required parking spaces are provided

c. In the event no practical alternative exists to locating structures on the site so as to accommodate a historic tree, the applicant for development may submit for major site plan approval or planned unit development (PUD) to consider the removal and replacement of the historic tree. The city commission shall be guided by a consideration of the environmental as well as economic value of the historic tree to be replaced in deciding the appropriate means and manner of its removal and replacement.

**Sec. 5.05.04. Protection during development.**

A. *Generally.*

1. To assure the health and survival of protected trees that are not to be removed, the developer shall avoid the following kinds of tree injuries during all development activities:

- a. Mechanical injuries to roots, trunk, and branches;
- b. Injuries by chemical poisoning;
- c. Injuries by grade changes;
- d. Injuries by excavations, fill and;
- e. Injuries by paving.

2. At a minimum, the protective measures described below shall be taken where appropriate to the development activity. Additional reasonable requirements may be necessary and shall be taken to preserve the health of protected trees in particular circumstances.

B. *Avoiding mechanical injuries.*

1. Prior to any land preparation or other development activities a protective barrier easily visible to equipment operators shall be placed around all protected trees so as to encompass the entire tree protection zone.

2. No attachment, wires (other than supportive wires), signs or permits may be fastened to any protected tree.

3. No equipment, construction materials or debris of any kind shall be placed within the protective barrier.

4. Landscaping activities within the bounds of the protective barrier (before and after it is removed) shall be accomplished with light machinery or manual labor. Grubbing and similar activities are prohibited. Grubbing, i.e. clearing of existing vegetation or similar activities is prohibited within the protective barrier except for removal of prohibited species. The only activity permitted within protective barriers shall be supplemental landscaping. Supplemental landscape plant material shall be of similar cultural classification as existing vegetation. Temporary irrigation shall be permitted on an as-needed basis until plant establishment.

5. In lieu of constructing the barriers required above, the developer may physically designate large areas containing protected trees where no land preparation or other development activities of any kind will occur. The area shall be designated by placing stakes a maximum of 25 feet apart and tying ribbon, plastic tape or rope from stake to stake along the outside perimeter of the area. This perimeter line shall be beyond the tree protection zone of any protected trees growing within the area.

6. Required protective barriers and perimeter lines shall remain in place until all construction activity, except landscaping within the protected area, is terminated.

C. *Avoiding injuries due to chemical poisoning.*

1. No fuel, paint, solvent, oil, thinner, asphalt, cement, grout or any other construction chemical or other material or tools of any kind shall be stored, or allowed in any manner to enter, within a required protective barrier or perimeter line.

2. No equipment shall be cleaned within a required protective barrier or perimeter line.

D. *Avoiding injuries due to excavations.*

1. Water, sewer, and other utility lines should be routed around the tree protection zones of protected trees.
2. If a line cannot reasonably be routed around the tree protection zone, the line shall be tunneled beneath the area within the zone. The tunnel shall be offset to one side of the trunk to prevent damage to the main tap roots.

**Sec. 5.05.05. Emergencies.**

In the case of emergencies such as hurricanes, windstorms, floods, freezes or other disasters or hazards, the requirements of this section may be waived by the city manager or his/her designee upon a finding that such waiver is necessary so that public or private work to restore order in the community will not be impeded.

**Sec. 5.05.06. Public right-of-way.**

No trees shall be removed from the public right-of-way except under the direction of the city development director and the parks and recreation director. No tree shall be planted in the public right-of-way without authorization from the city.

**Sec. 5.05.07. Clearance of vegetation over streets and sidewalks.**

Trees and shrubbery shall be trimmed by the city and/or authorized agencies so that there shall be a clear space of eight feet over all sidewalks and ten feet over all streets within the city.

**Sec. 5.05.08. City tree replacement fund.**

A. *Establishment of the city tree replacement fund.* The city tree replacement fund is created in association with the city department of financial services for the purpose of accepting and disbursing payments made to the city as part of tree replacement mitigation and other monies deposited from penalties for tree removal, illegal grading, or illegal clearing. These monies shall be placed in an account and shall be used for the sole purpose of funding tree planting and replacement on public property within the city.

B. *Term of existence.* The city tree replacement fund account shall be self-perpetuating from year to year unless specifically terminated by the city commission.

C. *Purpose.* Funds received shall be utilized for acquiring and planting, trees for public purposes within the city. Acquired trees shall be suitable to the site conditions and listed within the city tree list. Public lands selected for plantings shall be publicly owned or managed lands in public right-of-way.

D. *Source of funds.* Fund monies may consist of the following:

1. All monies collected pursuant to the penalties outlined in section 5.07.00, section 11.03.04, and section 11.03.09 of this Code.
2. All monies collected as part of tree replacement mitigation allowances.

E. *Fund administration.*

1. Funds shall be expended, utilized and disbursed only for the purposes designated herein.
2. The fund shall be a separate set of self-balancing accounts established and maintained by the City of Stuart.
3. Funds shall be managed in accordance with the city's Code of Ordinances as they relate to financial matters.

4. Monies obtained pursuant to this section may be accepted on behalf of the City of Stuart by the city development director or their designee, and upon receipt shall be delivered to the City of Stuart Department of Administrative Services, which shall cause the same to be credited to the trust.

#### **5.06.00 MANGROVE AND SHORELINE PROTECTION**

##### **Sec. 5.06.01. Introduction and resource management approach.**

The function and value of shoreline and mangrove areas have been recognized by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection through its "Mangrove Trimming Rule." This section is intended to permit the city to monitor shoreline and mangrove protection within the city.

##### **Sec. 5.06.02. Shoreline protection zone delineation.**

A. *Definition.* As used in this chapter, the term "shoreline protection zone" means the land adjacent to the shoreline, including the shoreline, of the St. Lucie River and Poppleton Creek, Frazier Creek, Haney Creek, Krueger Creek and Willoughby Creek. Except as otherwise provided, no development shall be permitted within the shoreline protection zone.

##### *B. Construction limited.*

1. An application for site plan approval that includes a portion of the St. Lucie River and Poppleton Creek, Frazier Creek, Haney Creek, Krueger Creek and Willoughby Creek shall include a delineation of the shoreline protection zone. The zone shall be established by survey.

2. Outside the community redevelopment area, the shoreline protection zone for any water body shall be 25 feet from the mean high water line.

3. Within the community redevelopment area, the shoreline protection zone for any water body shall be ten feet from the mean high water line.

4. The following types of development shall be permitted:

i. Docks, marinas or interpretative walks permitted by the State of Florida;

ii. Storm water retention areas;

iii. Landscaping;

iv. Bulkheads and seawalls which function to protect existing development and are located landward of riverine wetlands and their ecotones;

v. Riprap; and

vi. Unpaved, stabilized parking.

5. Any construction activity proposed within the Zone shall have a valid permit from the South Florida Water Management District or the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

##### **Sec. 5.06.03. Mangrove protection.**

The Florida Mangrove Trimming and Preservation Act applies to lands within the city. The city will monitor mangrove alteration projects. Prior to initiating any mangrove trimming or alteration within the city limits, landowners shall provide the city development department with a copy of an approved mangrove trimming permit or mangrove alteration permit from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

**Sec. 5.06.04. Prohibited ongoing activities.**

The following standards apply to post-development activities taking place within any protected area.

*A. Handling and storage of fuel, hazardous and toxic substances, and wastes.*

1. Developments where fuel or hazardous or toxic substances or wastes will be generated, handled, stored, transferred, or sold shall employ the best available facilities and procedures for the prevention, containment, recovery, and mitigation of spillage of fuel and hazardous or toxic substances or wastes. Facilities and procedures shall be designed to prevent substances or wastes from entering the water or soil, and employ adequate means for prompt and effective clean-up and spills that do occur.

2. No toxic or hazardous wastes or substances shall be stored in outdoor containers.

3. Storage or disposal of all types of wastes or substances is prohibited on shorelines.

*B. Prohibited uses.* The long-term storage of equipment or materials, and the disposal of wastes shall be prohibited.

*C. Fertilizers, herbicides, or pesticides.*

1. Fertilizers, herbicides, or pesticides shall not be applied in a protected area except for projects conducted under the authority of F.S. §§ 373.451--373.4595, the Surface Water Improvement and Management Act, and governmentally authorized mosquito control programs.

2. Fertilizers, pesticides, and herbicides shall be applied sparingly and at appropriate rates and time intervals.

*D. Spray vehicles.* Vehicles used for mixing or spraying chemicals are prohibited from withdrawing water directly from waters in protected areas.

*E. Pump-out, holding, and treatment facilities for wastes from mobile sources.* Sewage, solid waste, and petroleum waste generated by vessels or vehicles on the site shall be properly collected and disposed of.

**5.06.05 FLOODPLAINS**

**Sec. 5.06.06. General provisions.**

*A. Interpretation generally.* In the interpretation and application of this chapter all provisions shall be:

1. Considered as minimum requirements;

2. Liberally construed in favor of the governing body; and

3. Deemed neither to limit nor repeal any other powers granted under state statutes.

*B. Compliance required.* No structure or land shall hereafter be located, extended, converted, or structurally altered without full compliance with the terms of this chapter and other applicable regulations.

C. *Effect on other restrictions and regulations.* This chapter is not intended to repeal, abrogate, or impair any existing easements, covenants, or deed restrictions. However, where this chapter and another ordinance conflict or overlap, whichever imposes the more stringent restrictions shall prevail.

D. *Warning and disclaimer of liability.* The degree of flood protection required by this chapter is considered reasonable for regulatory purposes and is based on scientific and engineering considerations. Larger floods can and will occur on rare occasions. Flood heights may be increased by man-made or natural causes. This chapter does not imply that land outside the areas of special flood hazard or uses permitted within such areas will be free from flooding or flood damages. This chapter shall not create liability on the part of the city or by any officer or employee thereof for any flood damages. This chapter shall not create liability on the part of the city or by any officer or employee thereof for any flood damages that result from reliance on this chapter or any administrative decision lawfully made hereunder.

E. *Lands to which chapter applies.* This chapter shall apply to all areas of special flood hazard within the jurisdiction of the city.

F. *Basis for establishing areas of special flood hazard.* The areas of special flood hazard identified by the Federal Insurance Administration in its Flood Hazard Boundary Map (FHBM), #120165 0001 C, dated August 15, 1978, and any revisions thereto, are adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this chapter; or the areas of special flood hazard identified by the Federal Insurance Administration through a scientific and engineering report entitled "The Flood Insurance Study for the City of Stuart, Florida", dated February, 1978, with accompanying Flood Insurance Rate Maps and Flood Boundary and Floodway Maps and any revisions thereto are hereby adopted by reference and declared to be a part of this chapter.

**5.07.00 PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS**

Each violation of the provisions of this chapter that involves more than 1,500 square feet of land shall be deemed a separate violation.

The Stuart Code Enforcement Board may determine in a proper case that a violation of any provision of this chapter may be irreparable or irreversible in nature pursuant to F.S. ch. 162. Accordingly, said board shall have the authority to impose a fine of up to \$7,500.00 for each violation found.

**5.08.00 RESOURCE PROTECTION REGULATIONS ADOPTED BY REFERENCE**

**Sec. 5.08.01. Martin County Well field Protection Ordinance.**

The Martin County Interim Well field Protection Ordinance (#354, October 25, 1988), or subsequent amendments thereto, is hereby adopted by reference as part of this Code. Copies of this document shall be made available to the public at the office of the city clerk.

**TREE REPLACEMENT LIST - CITY OF STUART**

The following species list shall serve as a guideline to those individuals replacing/planting trees subject to section \_\_\_\_\_ of this Code.

TABLE INSET:

Common Name	Botanical Name
Black Olive (F)	Bucida buceras
Coconut Palm (F)	Cocos nucifera



Crepe Myrtle (I)	Lagerstroemia indica
Ficus (F)	Ficus spp.
Geiger Tree (F)	Cordia sebestena
Gumbo Limbo (F)	Bursera simaruba
Italian Cypress	Cupressus sempervirens
Live Oak	Quercus Virginiana
Mahogany	Swietenia mahogani
Mexican Washington Palm	Washingtonia robusta
Paradise Tree (F)	Simarouba glauca
Queen Palm	Arecastrum romanzoffianum
Royal Palm (F)	Roystonea elata
Royal Poinciana (F)	Delonix regia
Sabal Palm	Sabal palmetto
Tabebuia (F)	Tabebuia spp.
Tropical Almond (F)	Terminalia catappa
Magnolia	Magnolia grandiflora
Bottle Brush (I)	Callistemon rigidus
Laurel Oak	Quercus laurifolia
Carrotwood	Cupaniopsis anacardiopsis
Wax Myrtle	Myrica cerifera
Dahoon Holly	Ilex cassine
Palatka Holly	Ilex attenuata
Red Maple	Acer rubrum
Drake Elm	Ulmus parvifolia "Drake"
Red Cedar	Juniperus silicicola
Paurotis Palm	Acoelorrhaphe wrightii
Hackberry	Celtus laevigata
Sycamore	Plantanus occidentalis
Slash Pine	Pinus elliottii Var "Densa"

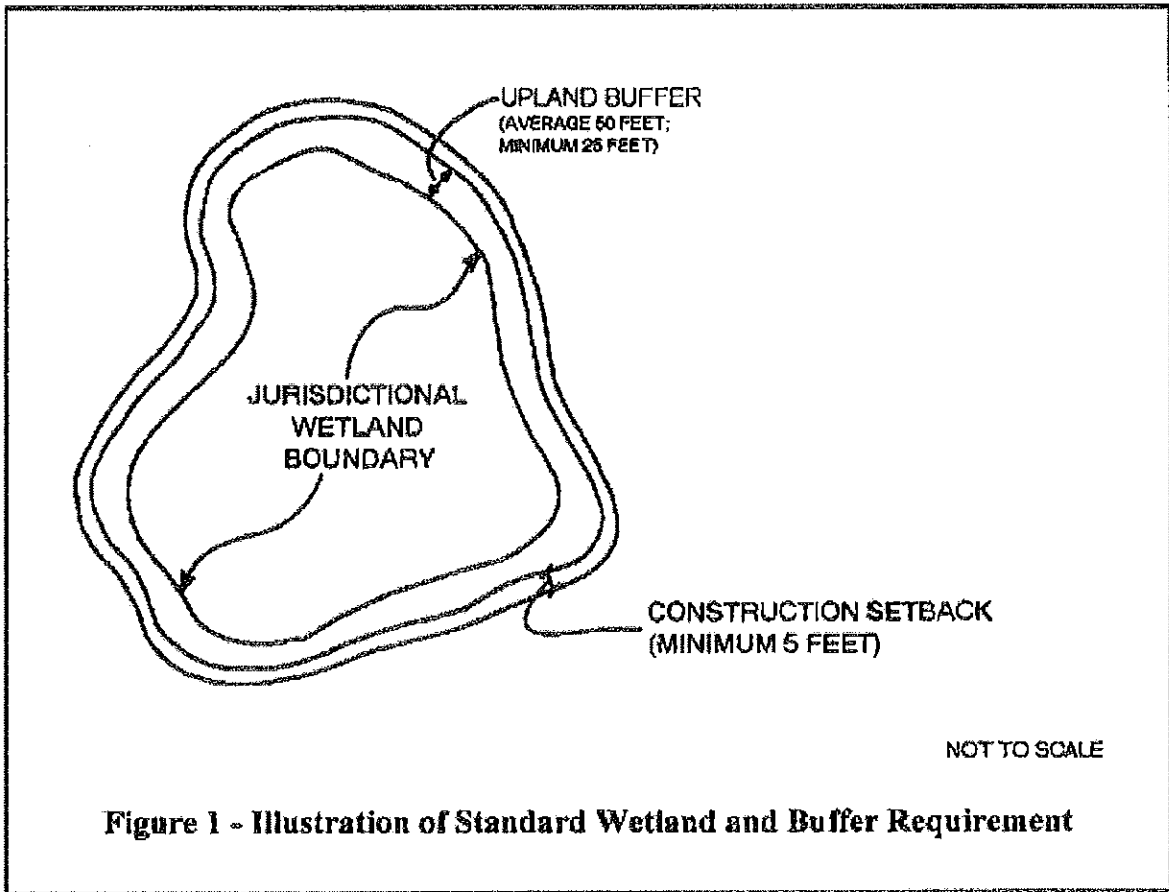
F = Susceptible to Freeze

I = Susceptible to Insects/Pests

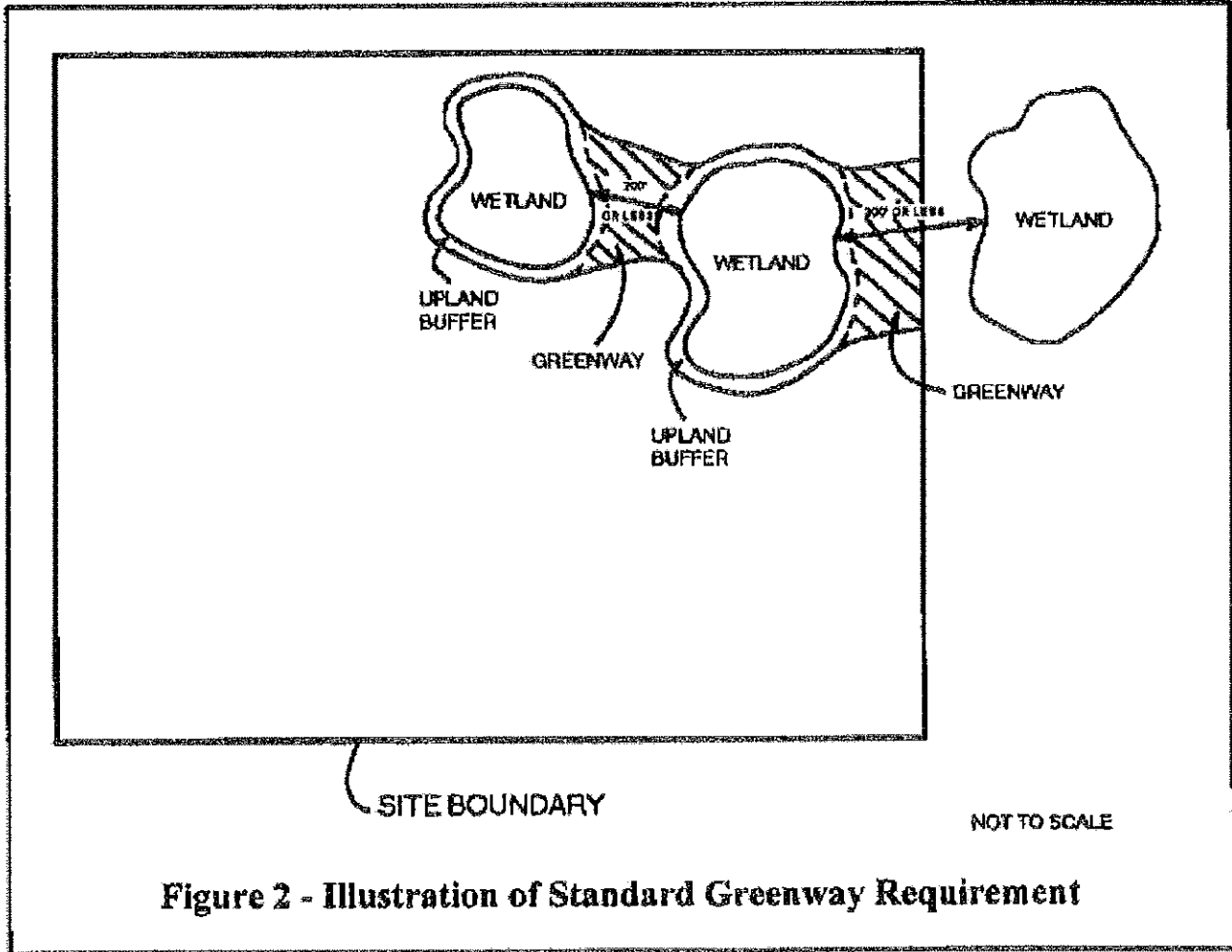
STUART COMPREHENSIVE PLAN ENDANGERED AND THREATENED SPECIES POTENTIALLY FOUND WITHIN THE CITY OF STUART

TABLE INSET:

<i>Mammals:</i>	
Manatee	State Endangered
<i>Birds:</i>	
Red Cockaded Woodpecker	Federal and State Threatened
Scrub Jay	Federal and State Threatened
Florida Sandhill Crane	State Threatened Not Listed Federal
Southern Bald Eagle	State Threatened Federal Endangered
Wood Stork	State and Federal Endangered
Peregrine Falcon	State Endangered Federal Threatened
<i>Reptiles:</i>	
Loggerhead Turtle	State and Federal Threatened
Green Turtle	State and Federal Endangered
Leatherback Turtle	State and Federal Endangered
Eastern Indigo Snake	State and Federal Threatened



**Figure 1 - Illustration of Standard Wetland and Buffer Requirement**



**Figure 2 - Illustration of Standard Greenway Requirement**

Deleted language from Chapter 10 "Hardship Relief"

### ~~10.03.00 CLUSTERING OF DEVELOPMENT~~

#### ~~Sec. 10.03.01. Generally.~~

~~Pursuant to section 5.03.04, development activities shall be limited to uses and activities that are presumed to have an insignificant adverse effect on an environmentally sensitive area. The density or intensity of a use that would have been allowed on a site designated as an environmentally sensitive area, in the absence of the application of this Code, may be used by clustering the development in areas within the project site that are not environmentally sensitive. New development may be clustered on upland portions of a development site, which are not otherwise environmentally sensitive lands. Development densities and intensities may be transferred out of the environmentally sensitive area on a one-for-one basis, provided however, the development density and intensity in the non-environmentally sensitive portion of the site shall not exceed 150 percent of the maximum density and intensity otherwise allowed for the non-environmentally sensitive portion.~~

#### ~~Sec. 10.03.02. Clustering.~~

~~Development on parcels containing an environmentally sensitive area may be clustered on non-sensitive portions of the site by concentrating the number of units or the amount of square footage allowed for the entire site under the otherwise applicable land use designations on those non-environmentally sensitive portions of the site; provided however, the density or intensity of the site shall not exceed 150 percent of the density or intensity allowed in section 2.01.01 of this Code for the non-environmentally sensitive portion of the site.~~

**Explanation: Consistency with proposed changes to the Comprehensive plan and Chapter 5 of the LDC.**



March 3, 2008

*Via email to [toneil@ci.stuart.fl.us](mailto:toneil@ci.stuart.fl.us)*

Terry O'Neil  
City of Stuart  
121 SW Flagler Avenue  
Stuart, FL 34994-2172

**RE: City of Stuart Environmental Code Review  
Miller Legg Proposal No. 08-P0185**

Dear Mr. O'Neil:

The purpose of this letter is to provide comments on our review of the proposed revisions to the City of Stuart Comprehensive Plan and Section 5.03.00 and 5.04.00 of the Land Development Regulations (LDR) City of Stuart, Florida (Ordinance No. 1998-2004). The underlined text represents suggested new wording.

***Comments on Changes to Comprehensive Plan***

**Objective A5. Policy A5.1** – Update FGFWFC to Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FFWCC).

**Objective A5. Policy A5.3 -**

- Could be interpreted (even though it is in the Natural Systems Objective section) that only native species are allowed for site development.
- The second sentence and the fourth sentence through the remainder of the paragraph are more appropriately placed in the LDR, not in the Comprehensive Plan. Recommend the following change to this policy:

"For natural areas that are proposed to remain on a site, all nuisance and invasive exotic vegetation (e.g. Brazilian pepper, Australian pine, and melaleuca) shall be removed and replaced with native plant species adapted to existing soil and climatic conditions. Planting of nuisance and invasive exotic vegetation shall be prohibited."

**Objective A5. Policy A5.5** – Recommend the following addition to the Explanation: "...and are routinely used by the City and other agencies to protect wetlands and other environmentally sensitive lands"

**Objective A5 Policy A5.5 (A)** – Correction of grammatical errors: " It is the policy of the City to avoid or minimize damage to wetlands; to direct development to lands that are not environmentally sensitive; to encourage ~~that~~ activities not dependent upon a wetland location be located on upland sites; to allow wetland losses only where all practicable measures have been applied; to reduce those losses that are unavoidable and in the public interest; to allow for limited mitigation; to promote compact urban development and discourage urban sprawl by allowing wetland impacts in excess of minimum requirements

**IMPROVING COMMUNITIES. CREATING ENVIRONMENTS.**

Central Florida Office: 631 S Orlando Avenue • Suite 200 • Winter Park, Florida • 32789-7122  
(407) 629-8880 • Fax: (407) 629-7883  
[www.millerlegg.com](http://www.millerlegg.com)

under certain limited conditions; to encourage wetlands mitigation within the watershed containing the lost wetlands; to protect and enhance the environmental qualities of watershed basins; and to provide for the protection of wetlands under the City's land development regulations to be adopted and implemented consistent with F.S. § 163.3202."

**Objective A5 Policy A5.5 (A)(iv)** – Recommend the following change: "...In order to properly identify and delineate wetlands, the City may rely on the delineation of wetlands approved by the SFWMD or FDEP, but may require a separate delineation based on an independent environmental assessment ~~if so~~ performed by or required by the City."

**Objective A5 Policy A5.6 (C)** – Recommend the following reorganization of the existing paragraph:

"If the SFWMD indicates that a wetland (or a portion thereof) is severely degraded and has minimal restoration potential and that beneficial mitigation of other wetlands would be achieved as a result of mitigation that allows some development in this degraded wetland (or portion thereof), and the City concurs with this indication, then the underlying land use category shall apply. Mitigation shall be permitted in order of priority:

- 1) on-site mitigation
- 2) mitigation within the same watershed basin within the City limits
- 3) mitigation within the City of Stuart.

Off-site mitigation of wetlands or uplands shall not be permitted outside the City limits."

**Comments on Changes to Land Development Regulations Section 5.03.00**

**Section 5.03.02 (B)(4)(d)** – Suggest revising this to allow mitigation in the context of a PUD rather than a consolidated site plan that implements a compact urban development form.

**Section 5.03.02 (C)(4)** – Increasing the construction setback to 10 feet seems excessive. The intent of the upland buffer is to protect wetland functions. The intent of the construction setback is to protect the upland buffer. Generally, a 2-5 foot setback is sufficient. To further protect or prevent impacts to the upland buffer, Section 5.03.02.C.4 could have an addition to require erection of temporary fencing to delineate the construction setback and require remediation of any impacts to the upland buffer if they occur.

**Section 5.03.04 (C)** – Suggest the following change to the first sentence: "If the State of Florida, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, or the City determines that a wetland, or a portion thereof may be mitigated, that mitigation may proceed according to the following geographic priorities:

- 1) on-site mitigation
- 2) mitigation within the same watershed basin within the City limits
- 3) mitigation within the City of Stuart.

**Section 5.04.01** – Suggest the following change to the 2<sup>nd</sup> sentence: "...exclusive of wetlands that are so verified by the State of Florida or the City exists as..."



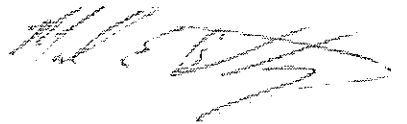
**Section 5.04.02 (C)(5)(b)** – Suggest leaving the payment option as an alternative now that this refers only to sites of 5 acres or less.

Both the ***Comprehensive Plan*** and the ***LDR***: should globally update all references to FGFWFC to FFWCC.

Overall, the proposed changes as provided fulfill the City of Stuart's intent of increasing protection of environmentally-sensitive lands. These changes are not inconsistent with state or federal regulations, and are not out of line with what some other counties or municipalities have proposed or currently have in their land development codes.

If you have any questions or require anything else, don't hesitate to call me.

Sincerely,



Mark E. Brandenburg, C.E., P.W.S.  
Associate, Environmental

MB/mch

\\Pbo-main\data\Department\Environmental\NBO\City of Stuart\Stuart Code Review Comments Ltr 3-3-08.doc





Return to:

City Attorney's Office  
City of Stuart  
121 SW Flagler Street  
Stuart, FL 34994



DRAFT

RESOLUTION NO. 22-08

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF STUART, FLORIDA, DECLARING "ZONING IN PROGRESS" UNDER SEC. 1.02.04, STUART LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE FOR ALL NEW DEVELOPMENT APPLICATIONS WHICH SHALL BE SUBJECT TO PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSERVATION ELEMENT OF THE CITY'S COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AND LAND DEVELOPMENT CODE AS SET FORTH IN THE DRAFT ORDINANCE (EXHIBIT "A") ATTACHED HERETO; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

**BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF STUART, FLORIDA**  
that:

**Section 1:** There is hereby declared to be "Zoning in Progress" as that term is used in Section 1.02.04, Stuart Land Development Code, and such Zoning in Progress shall affect new development applications with regard to proposed amendments to the "Conservation" Element of the City's Comprehensive Plan and the City's land development code as depicted in the attached draft ordinance, (Exhibits "A") attached.

**Section 2:** No development permits shall be issued except in adherence to the proposed draft ordinance.

**Section 3:** This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption, and the Zoning in Progress provisions herein shall expire, without further action of the City Commission, upon the effective date of relevant ordinances amending the Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Regulations, or as otherwise provided in Section 1.02.04, Stuart Land Development Code, which ever occurs earlier.

Res. 22-08 Zoning in Progress –Conservation

Commissioner \_\_\_\_\_ offered the foregoing resolution and moved its adoption.

The motion was seconded by Commissioner \_\_\_\_\_ and upon being put to a roll call vote, the vote was as follows:

JEFFREY KRAUSKOPF , MAYOR  
MIKE MORTELL, VICE MAYOR  
JAMES CHRISTIE, COMMISSIONER  
MARY HUTCHINSON, COMMISSIONER  
CAROL WAXLER, COMMISSIONER

YES	NO	ABSENT

ADOPTED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2008.

ATTEST:

\_\_\_\_\_  
CHERYL WHITE  
CITY CLERK

\_\_\_\_\_  
JEFFREY A. KRAUSKOPF  
MAYOR

APPROVED AS TO FORM  
AND CORRECTNESS:

\_\_\_\_\_  
PAUL J. NICOLETTI  
CITY ATTORNEY

PROPOSED FCT-BASED AMENDMENTS TO THE CITY OF STUART COMPREHENSIVE PLAN

The Florida Communities Trust (FCT) provides grants to eligible local governments for the acquisition of land for community-based parks, open-spaces and greenways that further the outdoor recreation and natural resource protection needs identified in local government comprehensive plans. Approximately \$66 million (unless otherwise allocated by the legislature) is available each funding cycle. (Note: In the late 1990's Stuart successfully obtained FCT grants to purchase multiple acres of preserve land in the headwaters of Haney Creek and Poppelton Creek). The agency has published a list of policies, which, if present in a jurisdiction's comprehensive plan, generate additional points. The following matrix sets forth these policies and whether adoption by the City is recommended. Each set of policies, which must be met in full, generates 5 points in a 200-point scoring system. Applicants need to score well in the FCT's "Comprehensive Plan" category to be competitive. If adopted, the package of recommended amendments will generate 40 points.

GRANT QUESTION	FCT SUGGESTED LANGUAGE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
<p>(3)(a) 1. Will the project provide acreage or outdoor recreational facilities necessary to maintain or improve adopted levels of service standards established in the comprehensive plan for recreation or open space?</p>	<p><del>1. Recreation Policy – The City shall adopt an overall parkland level of service of 1 acre per 500 persons.</del></p> <p><del>2. Recreation Policy – The City shall develop a parks and recreation system based on local and district park classifications and shall adopt the following individual level of service standards:</del></p> <p><del>Local Park – 2.0 acres per 1000 population</del></p> <p><del>District Park – 5.0 acres per 1000 population</del></p>	<p>Do not adopt this set of policies. The obligation to establish and maintain district parks is too costly for a city the size of Stuart.</p>
<p>(3)(a) 2. Will the project further comprehensive plan directives that ensure acquisition of natural areas or open space through public acquisition?</p>	<p><u>1. Conservation Policy - The City shall advocate purchase of lands for conservation of environmentally sensitive areas and native vegetative communities, open space and/or recreation using funds available through grants, state and federal funds, and/or private organizations. The City shall also consider adopting its own land-buying program to purchase natural areas and open space.</u></p> <p><u>2. Conservation Policy - The City shall establish a land acquisition fund. This fund shall be used for the acquisition and management of natural areas lands and open space.</u></p> <p><u>3. Conservation Policy - The City shall continue to purchase natural areas for the long-term protection of high quality native ecosystems. The City shall continue to apply for State matching funds for the acquisition and management of these lands.</u></p>	<p>Adopt policies 1, 2 and 3. Required activities are consistent with the City's current practices, or can be readily undertaken.</p>

GRANT QUESTION	FCT SUGGESTED LANGUAGE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
<p>(3)(a) 3. Will the project further comprehensive plan directives to provide new or enhanced public access to water bodies or saltwater beaches?</p>	<p><u>1. Recreation Policy - Additional public access points and boat/canoe launching facilities shall be provided along the St Lucie River and its tributaries.</u></p> <p><u>2. Recreation Policy - The City shall ensure public access to recreation sites and water bodies through the provision of parking, boat ramps, canoe launches, fishing piers, and bike and pedestrian ways through acquisition and other land use controls.</u></p> <p><u>3. Recreation Policy - The City shall maintain, improve, and increase public beach and waterway access through acquisition and other land use controls.</u></p>	<p>Adopt policies 1, 2 and 3. Required activities are consistent with the City's current practices.</p>

GRANT QUESTION	FCT SUGGESTED LANGUAGE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
<p>(3)(a)(4). Will the project further comprehensive plan directives that provide for creating new or enhanced Greenways, Ecological Corridors or Recreational Trail Systems.</p>	<p><u>1. Recreation Policy - The City shall develop a master greenway plan, including conceptual Greenway maps, that includes existing and proposed recreational trail systems and conservation greenways to link existing and new open space and outdoor recreation areas. Land acquisition efforts will focus on establishing new linkages and enhancing existing greenways and recreation trail systems, including the acquisition of acreage for destination areas and trailheads.</u></p> <p><u>2. Recreation Policy - The City shall identify and acquire available abandoned railroad right-of-ways with recreational trails potential and which provide linkages to public parks, recreation areas and historic sites, and connects or provides access to existing recreational trails.</u></p> <p><u>3. Conservation Policy - The City shall identify natural wildlife corridors to connect wildlife habitat to the St. Lucie River and to provide for wildlife movement along the river and its tributaries.</u></p> <p><u>4. Conservation Policy - The City shall coordinate with federal, state and other agencies and nonprofit organizations to further the completion of the Florida National Scenic Trail.</u></p>	<p>Adopt policies 1, 2, 3 and 4. Required activities are consistent with the City's current practices, or can be readily undertaken.</p>

GRANT QUESTION	FCT SUGGESTED LANGUAGE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
<p>(3)(a) 5. Will the project further comprehensive plan directives that ensure the preservation of Natural Communities or Listed Animal Species Habitat?</p>	<p>1. <u>Conservation Policy - The City shall protect critical wildlife habitat through acquisition, the establishment of public or private conservation easements, purchase of development rights or through other available means as deemed appropriate.</u></p> <p>2. <u>Conservation Policy - The City shall implement a program and set of standards to protect natural vegetative communities and listed species habitat from the adverse impacts of development.</u></p> <p>3. <u>Conservation Policy - Where feasible and appropriate, the City shall advocate purchase of lands for conservation of environmentally sensitive areas and native vegetative communities, open space and/or recreation using funds available through grants, state and federal funds, and/or private organizations. The City shall also consider adopting its own land-buying program to purchase natural areas, recreation and open space lands.</u></p> <p>4. <u>Conservation Policy - Land development proposals shall be required to protect ecologically viable habitats and prepare a management plan when state or federally listed vegetative and wildlife species occur within a project's boundaries.</u></p>	<p>Adopt policies 1, 2, 3 and 4. Required activities are consistent with the City's current practices.</p>

GRANT QUESTION	FCT SUGGESTED LANGUAGE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
<p>(3)(a) 6. Will the project further comprehensive plan directives that provide for coordination between the Local Government and other federal, state and local agencies or Nonprofit Environmental Organizations in managing natural areas or open space or furthering the completion of the Florida National Scenic Trail?</p>	<p><u>1. Conservation Policy - The City shall coordinate with federal, state and local agencies or nonprofit environmental organizations in managing natural areas and open space.</u></p> <p><u>2. Conservation Policy - The City shall coordinate with the Prescribed Burn Council and other appropriate entities including the U.S. Forest Service, the Florida Division of Forestry, the Water Management District, and the Nature Conservancy, in conducting prescribed burns on public lands, including City-owned lands.</u></p> <p><u>3. Intergovernmental Coordination Policy - The City shall continue to coordinate with the appropriate state agencies in meeting the goals and policies of the Indian River Lagoon Aquatic Preserves Management Plan, the North Fork of the St. Lucie River Aquatic Preserve Management Plan, and the Indian River Lagoon Surface Water Improvement and Management Plan, to protect and manage natural resources.</u></p> <p><u>4. Intergovernmental Coordination Policy - The City shall protect marine, brackish and freshwater habitats necessary for the continued ecological stability of fisheries and other water dependent wildlife through coordination with the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, Florida Department of Environmental Protection, and other governmental agencies as appropriate.</u></p>	<p>Adopt policies 1, 2, 3 and 4. Required activities are consistent with the City's current practices or can be readily undertaken.</p>

GRANT QUESTION	FCT SUGGESTED LANGUAGE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
<p>(3)(a) 7. Will the project further comprehensive plan directives that provide for restoring or enhancing degraded natural areas such as, restoration of Natural Communities, restoration of natural hydrology or removal of non-native vegetation?</p>	<p><u>1. Conservation Policy - The City shall develop a plan to restore or enhance degraded natural areas on lands acquired by the City for conservation, public outdoor recreation and open space. This will include establishing a program for the removal of invasive exotic vegetation with annual monitoring.</u></p> <p><u>2. Conservation Policy - In conjunction with the development of any site, the City shall require, invasive exotic vegetation to be removed from the site and prevented from re-establishing.</u></p> <p><u>3. Conservation Policy - The City shall reduce the spread of invasive exotic vegetation and invasive aquatic vegetation by prohibiting the planting of these species and by requiring their removal when land is developed.</u></p> <p><u>4. Conservation Policy - The City shall continue to eliminate invasive exotic vegetation to reduce their impact on the region's natural systems.</u></p> <p><u>5. Conservation Policy - The City shall prohibit dredging and filling, and other development activities on submerged lands containing significant sea grass habitat and shall seek to restore sea grass habitat coverage wherever possible.</u></p>	<p>Adopt policies 1,2,3,4 and 5. Required activities are consistent with the City's current practices.</p>



GRANT QUESTION	FCT SUGGESTED LANGUAGE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
<p>(3)(a) 8. Will the project further comprehensive plan directives that ensure the protection or enhancement of surface water quality by addressing non-point pollution through enhanced stormwater treatment?</p>	<p><u>1. Conservation Policy - The City shall ensure that the quality of surface waters within the City is maintained, and where unacceptable, improved through the use of storm water retention and treatment facilities.</u></p> <p><u>2. Conservation Policy - The City shall continue to implement and update adopted surface and storm water management regulations to ensure that systems are designed to meet or exceed current standards, and can be practically and easily maintained.</u></p>	<p>Adopt policies 1 and 2. Required activities are consistent with the City's current practices.</p>
<p>(3)(a) 9. Will the project further comprehensive plan directives that ensure the preservation of historical, cultural or archaeological features?</p>	<p><del>1. Historic Preservation Objective - The City shall protect, preserve or appropriately manage historic resources located within the City.</del></p> <p><del>2. Historic Preservation Policy - The City's Land Development Regulations shall provide for the protection of significant historic resources from the impacts of development and redevelopment.</del></p> <p><del>3. Historic Preservation Policy - Historic resources shall be included in public acquisition programs for recreation, open space and conservation to ensure their protection.</del></p> <p><del>4. Land Use Policy - The City shall protect the integrity of sites identified as significant historic resources.</del></p> <p><del>5. Land Use Policy - Areas surrounding identified sites of historic resources shall be protected against encroachment of incompatible activities and land uses.</del></p> <p><del>6. Historic Preservation Policy - The City shall establish procedures that require that all public and private development and redevelopment proposals are reviewed for their impact upon historic resources.</del></p>	<p>Do not adopt this set of policies. The City's long-held practice of not imposing "mandatory" historic preservation is not consistent with the "shall preserve" language called for by the FCT.</p>

GRANT QUESTION	FCT SUGGESTED LANGUAGE	RECOMMENDED ACTION
<p>(3)(a) 10. Is the project site located in an area that has been identified for redevelopment in the comprehensive plan and has been locally designated as an urban infill, urban redevelopment or downtown revitalization area as defined in Section 163.3164, F.S.?</p>	<p><u>1. Land Use Policy - The City shall encourage growth to locate within the designated Community Redevelopment Area (CRA) to promote urban infill, urban redevelopment and downtown revitalization.</u></p> <p><u>2. Land Use Policy - The City shall encourage growth to locate within the designated urban infill area to promote urban infill and urban redevelopment.</u></p> <p><u>3. Land Use Policy - The City shall provide recreational facilities, including trails, within designated urban infill areas.</u></p>	<p>Adopt policies 1, 2 and 3. Required activities are consistent with the City's current practices.</p>